Regd. No B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXVI NO. 209

BOMBAY: MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1948

Price: 2 ANNAS

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

'EVERY WORKER A SOLDIER ON HOME FRONT'

Jagjivan Ram's Appeal For Stepping Up Production

EMPLOYERS ASKED TO TREAT LABOUR WELL AND KEEP IT 'HAPPY AND CONTENTED'

NEW DELHI Sept. 5, (A.P.I.): Mr. Jagjivan Ram Labour Minister, Government of India, broadcasting from Delhi tonight appealed to the workers to realise their new responsibilities devolving on them in the wake f their newfound rights and to step up the country's production.

NATIONAL EMERGENCY

The country, he said, was passing through a grave crisis. In such national emergency each farm and factory was a sector of the home front and each worker was a soldier, on whose vigilance, industry and honest work, depended the outcome of "our fight against scarcity and high prices".

The Labour Minister advised the employers to treat the workers well, create a sense of dignity in them and keep them happy and contented".

Mr. Jagjivan Ram said that the Indian Parliament had in its current session passed two important pieces of labour legislation—the Coal Mines Provident Fund and Bonus Schemes Act, 1948, and the Factories Act, 1948.

MINER'S STATUS RAISED

Explaining the implications of the acts, the Labour Minister said that it was for the first time in India that provident funds were sought to be set up under law, and probably, the first time in the world that a provident fund had been instituted for workers, most of whom were casual labourers. The scheme will, in effect, change the status of the miner from a helpless pauper in old age to a man of some means; with something to fall back upon, when his earning ceased. The measure also sought to stabilise mining labour, and instil a greater sense of security in a labour force which had witherto been a floating population, without any stakes and had been the cause of violent fluctuations, in labour supply in the coal industry.

ENSURING WORKER'S HEALTH AND SAFETY

"The Factories Act, 1948, is a comprehensive enactment, which consolidates and amends the law regulating labour in factories. It comes into force in April next. The principle underlying this measure is that no one should employ any worker on any manufacturing process without ensuring his safety health and welfare. The Act places the onus of compliance squarely on the occupier of a factory the person who has ultimate control over its affairs. The scope of the new Act has been widened considerably so that it will now apply to all work places, where ten or more persons are employed, and power is used; and for the first time provisions have been extended to factories where even though no power is used, 20 or more persons are employed.

With a view to preventing haphazard and unregulated growth of new factories, and to secure compliande with modern standards of working conditions, health and safety. The Act provides for plans of all new factory buildings to be submitted for prior approval. The new Act requires effective methods to be adopted for the disposal of trade wastes and effluents, any neglect of which constitutes a serious threat to health It has been provided that no person who has not completed 14 years of age shall be employed in any factory. Provision has also been made for more adequate examination of young persons before they are employed, and for annual examination of the young person until he reaches the age of 18.

TO CHECK INDUSTRIAL DISEASES

"Further, workers in certain special dangerous trades are to be medically examined periodically—a provision that has done so much in other countries for the control of occupational diseases, such as lead-poisoning, silicosis and the like. In addition, stricter provision has been made to control processes that are known to produce industrial diseases.

ON PAR WITH INDUSTRIALLY ADVANCED COUNTRIES

The general provisions of the Act have been strengthened to bring the safety requirements to the accepted standards of industrially more advanced countries, not only in the safeguarding of dangerous machinery but in securing safe methods of working in the case of hoists and lifts, lifting gear safe means of access to work, protection against dangerous fumes and dust, and explosion of gases and vapours. Promoting the welfare of the factory worker is another vital matter provided for in this Act. Definite requirements regarding sanitary accommodation, washing facilities rest rooms and lunch rooms have been laid down and a very must higher standard is now required.

CONGRESS CABINET MEETS

NEW DELHI, Sept. 5, (U.P.I): The Congress Working Committee commenced its session at 8-30 this morning at the residence of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Dr. Rajendra Prasad presiding.

Those who attended the session included Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Vallabhai Patel, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Mr Rafi Ahmed Kidwai Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramaya Dr. Profulla Chandra Ghosh, Sri Shankarrao Deo, Shrimati Sucheta Kripalani, Sri S. K. Patil, Acharya Jugal Kishore, Prof. N. G. Ranga and Sardar Pratap Singh.

Sri Balwantrai Mehta did not attend the meeting this morning. He is expected to reach Delhi this afternoon.

Sri Jagjivan, Rao Labour Minister Government of India, who had been specially invited to attend the session could not be present at today's meeting since he had gone to Dehra Dun on some urgent work. He is expected to attend tomorrow's sitting after his return.

After two and a half hours' deliberation the Committee adjourned till 5-30 p.m. tomorrow.

"We have been dealing more or less with organisational and administrative matters" said Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Congress President as he came out of the meeting of the Working Committee.

It is learnt that other matters on the agenda, specially organisation in the States in light of the recommendations of the States' Sub-Committee appointed by the Working Committee at its last session and the programme for Mahatma Gandhi Birth Day Celebrations will come for discussion before the Committee at its tomorrow's sitting.

The United Press learns that at today's meeting of the Committee some important amendments to the disciplinary rules for enforcing discipline among Congress members and Congress Committees, have been passed.

The Committee, it is further learnt decided that henceforth it is the Congress Working Committe which would take disciplinary actions against any member of the A.I.C.C. depriving him of his membership from the A.I.C.C. According to this rule the Provincial Committee can only take disciplinary actions against any members of an Provincial Committee or any subordinate committees under it.

Discussions are also understood to have taken place at today's sitting of the Committee about membership of elective committees of the Congress. The Committee it is further understoo also decided that no Government servant can be a member for any elective committee of the Congress.

Pakistan's Pernicious Propaganda In U. S.

BENARES, Sept. 5 (UPI) "Pakistan propagandists are numerous in America and other foreign countries and they feel no hesitancy of vilifying India", said Dr. B. L. Atreya of the Benares Hindu University who has just returned to India, from a tour of the United States of America and other continental countries, in an interview to the "United Press' of India. He added: "They have gone too far to exploit Gandhiji's fast and to level charges of genocide against our country". He was terribly shocked that Indian people here had not raised their voice of protest against this pernicious propaganda of Pakistan.

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Benes Lying In State

PRAGUE, Sept. 5 (Reuter): Thousands of people—who came by trains, buses, lorries, a fire engine tractor-drawn trailers and on foot—formed a two-mile queue to file past the body of Doctor Edward Benes, co-founder of the Czechoslovak Republic who died on Friday.

He was lying in state in the spacious grounds of his villa at Sezimovo Usti, 56 miles from Prague, and his features, were visible over the sides of the coffin in carved black wood from the portico of the home he had built for himself.

By noon 12,000 had paid their respects to Dr. Benes, many leaving wreaths of red and white carnations—the emblem of his party—and as they waited workmen screened by trees prepared his grave at a spot where according to tradition, the Czech national hero Jan Huss rallied his followers in the fifteenth century.

Tonight Dr Benes was being taken to Prague to lie in state in the National War Memorial but he will return to his home for burial after Wednesday's State ceremoney in the Pantheon of the National Museum.

NEW PASSPORT REGULATIONS

Indians In Britain Divided In Their Attitude

LONDON, Sept. 5 (Reuter).—Indians living in Britain are divided in their attitude to the Indian Government's new passport regulations.

The majority of Indians employed at India House will make a declaration of allegiance to the Dominion of India. Most of the Indian doctors—and there are over 300—practising in Britain will retain their present "British" status, as will most Indian business men and workers holding British passports.

The status of Indians in the United Kingdom, whether they possess British passports or new Indian passports, will be unaffected, as all enjoy Commonwealth citizenship.

India To Function As Sovereign Republic

BUT PRESENT CORDIAL RELATIONSHIP WITH BRITAIN TO BE MAINTAINED

Nehru Discusses Issue With Congress Party Members Of Dominion Parliament

NEW DELHI, Sept. 5, (U.P.I.): India must function as an Independent Sovereign Republic but at the same time it must frame her foreign policy in a manner so as to maintain the present cordial relationship with the countries of the world, particularly Great Britain and the Commonwealth countries.

This view emerged at a general body meeting of the Congress Party of the Indian Parliament held tonight, with Pandit Nehru, the Prime Minister and Leader of the Party in the Chair.

As the Prime Minister will shortly be leaving for United Kingdom to attend the Commonwealth Premiers' Conference to be held in October, the above meeting was called to enable Pandit Nehru to have the views of the members of the Party on the complex issue of India's relationship with nations of the world in her new status as an independent sovereign republic.

The meeting also discussed the problems which India will have to face from the practical point of view in determining her future reltionship with Britain and other Commonwealth countries. The Prime Minister gave a survey of the present trend of world politics and indicated what line India might take in view of the objective resolution of the Indian Constituent Assembly.

The Congress Party, it is gathered felt that as has been declared in the draft constitution, India must be an independent sovereign republic. It was, however, felt that at the same time, no nation in the world can now dream of remaining in absolute isolationism and somehow or the other India, as a legacy from her past, had got some association with Britain, although it was not yet clear how far this could be fitted with India's new status as an independent republic.

The possibility of Pakistan continuing as a member of the Commonwealth of Nations may weigh to a great extent in making a decision on this issue in due course.

INTERDEPENDENCE IN COMMONWEALTH

India's Likely Stand At Premiers' Conference

NEW DELHI, Sept. 5, (A.P.I.):) **With the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru's visit to the U.K. for the Dominion Premiers' Conference now almost finalised, the question of India remaining within or outside the British Commonwealth of Nations is assuming greater importance and urgency according to informed quarters here.**

SOVEREIGN REPUBLIC

Apart from sentimental considerations it is pointed out, the question raises a number of practical difficulties. The preamble to the draft constitution of India emphasises "A Sovereign Democratic Republic" Thus it is stated the main question this democratic of Nations. Both in Europe and in Latin America are to be found a number of Independent Republics" completely dominated by one or the other of the Big Powers.

INTERDEPENDENCE

Observers here, in this connection, refer to Pandit Nehru's speech in the Constituent Assembly in January 1947 before India became free. He had emphasised that India should become completely independent but this independence did not mean isolating herself from other countries or her being hostile to countries which had dominated her. India's approach is likely to be according to these quarters one of inter-dependence within the British Commonwealth for the mutual benefit of the countries concerned The extent of India's co-operation both in the spheres of economic development and defence would depend on reciprocity.

This use, it is gathered is likely to be in the forefront of political discussions during the next few months

REDUCTION IN COTTON PRICES IN BRITAIN

MANCHESTER, Sept. 5 (UPA).—The government sponsored Raw Cotton Commission today approved reductions ranging from one penny to six pence in prices British millowners pay for many grades of raw cotton.

The reductions are effective immediately.

American type cotton was largely unaffected, but the selling rates of several varieties of Egyptian and Sudan varieties were cut.

It was the fifth downward change in cotton prices in the past nine weeks but left the cost of the best grade Egyptian at twice its price of last February when price boosts started.

REARMING JAPAN IN EMERGENCY

Fervent Hopes In Tokyo On MacArthur's Recent Statement

TOKYO, Sept. 5 (Reuter): Speculation that Japan would be permitted to rearm if the international situation continued to worsen has increased in Tokyo as a result of General MacArthur's recent statement that the country had become "an asset upon which the free world may confidently count".

Commenting on General MacArthur's statement, the newspaper "Chuka Nippon" said today that although Japan's existence might be considered as a strong-hold for the peace of the Orient, it was a matter of course that utilisation of its military potentiality should be limited to emergency cases.

HYDERABAD VILLAGE SURROUNDED

HYDERABAD (Dn.) Sept. 5 (API).—"Indian troops have surrounded Nagral, a Hyderabad village on the Bombay border about eleven miles north-west of Mudhal in Raichur District", says a press note issued by the Nizam's Government today.

The note adds: "The latest reports received in Hyderabad indicate that about two companies of Indian troops are in occupation of the village."

BURMA REBELLION

SINGAPORE, Sept. 5 (Reuter).—Reports reaching Singapore from Burma said that no less than four almost separate insurrections were under way there, and it was doubted if Premier Thakin Nu would find sufficient popular support to regain control of the country.

Anti-Communist Karen tribesmen hold Moulmein, Burma's second port, and the rail town of Thaton, east of Rangoon.

Anomalies Arising Out Of Pay Commission Findings

INTUC EXECUTIVE URGES SETTING UP OF COMMITTEE FOR SPEEDY SETTLEMENT

NEW DELHI, Sept. 5. (A.P.I.): The Working Committee of the Indian National Trade Union Congress, which met today under the presidentship of Mr. Hariharnath Shastri, passed a resolution recommending to the Government of India to appoint a committee to examine and decide speedily and satisfactorily all questions arising out of the implementation of the Pay Commission's recommendation.

The resolution says that it has been brought to the notice of the Working Committee of the I.N.T.U.C. that the implementation of the Commission's recommendations in the centrally administered industries and undertakings has given rise to several anomalies and consequent dissatisfaction arising out of misclassification of employees, maladjustment of scales and grades.

The Committee has received with satisfaction the award of Mr. Justice Rajadhyaksha on hours of work, leave and other questions affecting railway labour and requested the Government to give effect to it without delay.

The Committee has further requested the Railway Board to call the representatives of the National Federation of Railway for consultations on all oustanding points of differences and matters affecting railway labour.

INFLATION SPIRAL

By another resolution the Committee expressed its "deep anxiety" at the inordinate rise in the cost of living "which is disturbing the economy of the country and is entailing privations for a large section of the people, specially the working class.

"If the inflationary spiral is not curbed and the price level is not brought down to a reasonable level, the resolution says, the consequences for the country would be disastrous.

The Committee notes with satisfaction the earnestness with which the Government of India are trying to tackle the problem of inflation in the country and hopes that the policy of draft pursued by the Government will now definitely come to an end.

The Committee is convinced that the economic and political troubles in the country cannot be solved till its economy is so designed as to bring about economic equality to the maximum degree, and while it may take considerable time to encompass this goal, the immediate lines of action must bear the same direction and not be deflected under the influence of retrogade counsels for the sake of temporary advantage.

EXISTENCE OF COMMON GROUND

"It is pleasing to see that while various political parties consulted by the Government of India have made diverse suggestions, there is, barring the vested interests, a remarkable extent of common ground offering a wide scope for action by the Government. It is clear that to fight inflation in existing circumstances reliance will have to be placed largely on the imposition of absolute restraint on tno expansion of currency, controlled distribution of essential commodities, curtailment of surplus purchasing power by eliciting large-scale savings both on a compulsory and voluntary basis, reduction in Government and private expenditure, Government control and regulation of imports and exports and the prevention of speculation, at least in respect of essential commodities."

SCOPE FOR MORE PRODUCTION

The Committee believes that there exists an appreciable scope for increasing production in organised industries as well as cottage industries and requests the Government to explore and exploit all the possibilities of the situation in systematic manner. The Committee takes this opportunity to express its determination to harness the active support of the working class of the country in bringing to fruition the efforts of the Government of India to bring down the cost of living and restore economic health in the country.

U. S. Grain Allocation To India

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5 (UPI): India will get 5,10,000 long tons out of the U.S. Grain Exoort Allocation for October and December, totalling 37.17.900 long tons including 10.75.81.000 bushels of wheat and flour and 3.76.20.000 bushels of coarse grain.

High-Ranking British Officers In Enemy Lines

CAPTURED PRISONER'S VERSION OF OFFENSIVE ACTION IN URI FRONT

SRINAGAR, Sept. 5, (A.P.I.): That high-ranking regular British officers are ranged against Indian troops in active warfare in the Uri-Chakothi front is now confirmed by the latest first-hand information revealed by Fateh Mohammad, a prisoner captured by forward patrols on Aug 22 in this area, writes an A.P.I. special correspondent in Srinagar. The earlier reports that the recent offensive on the Uri-Chakothi front and in other sectors were planned and pushed into action by British officers now gain greater credence.

The prisoners who was working with the raiders since October 1947 and was serving as mess waiter with 1/1 Punjab Regiment at the time of his capture, during interrogation testified that the Pakistan Army troops in the entire area between Uri and Chenari were officered mainly by British personnel.

According to the latest information now available, the 1/1 Punjab Regiment is operating near Pandu, north of the river Jhhelum, overlooking Chakothi. Out of fifteen officers in the Pakistan Army units in the area, twelve are Britishers and only three are Pakistan nationals. The Adjutant of the Battalion there is also a British officer, the prisoner said. A British Brigadier commands the whole area.

Giving the names of a few British and Pakistan officers of the mess at Pandu, with whom the prisoner was in constant contact, Fateh Mohammad mentioned Lt.-Col. Williams, Major Jones, Major Jorie, Major Akbar Khan, Captain Gulab Khan, Captain Ripps and Lt. Ayub Khan. The prisoner could not recollect the names of other officers.

The prisoner who visited Chenari, west of Chakothi. On August 12, said that a British officer was in change of the Pakistan Army units He said that besides the regular Pakistan troops, there were about thousand phonchis and Pathans fighting in that area. The Pathan force was commanded by Karim Khan.

A battalion of the Pakistan Frontier Rifles had moved up to the village of Dhareri in the vicinity of Pandu, the prisoner disclosed. .. ....

Fateh Mohammad said that four guns carried by miles, two ack-acks and seven three inch mortars were in use against Indian troops in and around Pandu. He said that there were three Ack-Acks" and a big gun (presumably 5.5 inch gun) operating south of Chenari. Two 3.7 Howitzers which were functioning in Chakothi have now been withdrawn to Chenari.

The prisoner disclosed that the recent offensive by the Pakistan troops in the north of Chakothi was fought by 1/1 Punjab Regiment along with four hundred Pathans. The casualties suffered by the regiment were fifty killed and approximately eighty wounded.

Rajpramukh To Visit Indore

INDORE, Sept. 5, (A.P.I.): The Rajpramukh of the Madhaya Bharat Union is expected here on Sept. 12 on a four-day visit.

Mr. Nagindas T Master former President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, has arrived here.

LUXEMBURG, Sept. 5 (Reuter) Seth Ramkrishna Dalmia arrived here today leading an Indian delegation to the Second Annual Convention of the Movement for World Federal Government which opens tonight.

CLOTH GODOWNS SEALED

Alleged Storage Of Undeclared Stock

The Crime Branch No 2 of the Bombay C. I. D., on Saturday, raided a number of cloth godowns in different parts of the city and sealed 31 of them in Mulji Jetha Market, Princess Street and Kalbadevi areas. It is stated that the sealed godowns and stored undeclared cloth.

CHINESE REDS ON THE OFFENSIVE

Threat To Government Positions In Honan Province

NANKING, Sept. 5, (Reuter): Chinese Communist troops were today advancing on Government positions south and west of Loyang, north-west Honan Province, after their capture of the important rail city of Shensin.

Communist forces east of Loyang began attacking the Peiping-Hankow rail city of Cinocheng, 35 miles south of Chengchow, and other Government strong-points.

Pro-Government circles said that Communist operations in north-west Honan were mainly designed to protect the flanks of Loyang, said to be the intended capital of the projected new Communist Government.

Large-scale fighting was reported imminent in both north Kiangsu and central and west Stantung

CHINESE GOVERNMENT TO FLOAT NEW BONDS

NANKING, Sept. 5, (Reuter): The Chinese Government will float on October 1st £130,750,000 worth of gold Yuan bonds to replace earlier bond issues in British and United States currencies.

The Government, announcing this today, stated the new bonds would carry an annual rate of interest payable every six months of one and a half per cent and would be divide into three categories.

London's "Bon Voyage" To Indian Invincibles

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Sept. 4.

Indian invincibles as hockey playeyrs are nicknamed left London this morning.

Large crowds collected at the station to wish them "bon voyage". As the train steamed out, cries of "Jai Hind" were raised. Mr. Hoq, the manager is not accompanying the team. He enters hospital today for a minor ailment.

Two Passengers Detained At Nagpur Airport

NAGPUR, Sept. 5 (API).—The Security police at the Nagpur airport have ordered the detention of two passengers who described themselves as business men from Bikaner State.

Both passengers were travelling yesterday from Bombay to Delhi and intended to stop here for a day and visit Kampti, about ten miles from Nagpur, on business to meet a bidi merchant there. On a search of their luggage the police seized a cheque for Rupees forty thousand issued by a Pakistan Bank in Karachi.

The police also seized some articles from their luggage and took them to the Nagpur Central Jail for detention pending further investigations.

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PUBLIC NOTICES

PRESS NOTE

Government of Bombay is prepared to permit the establishment of a Splint Factory in Yellapur-Sirsi Area of Kanara Forests If the promoters wish to confine themselves merely to the manufacture of match splints, then Sirsi appears to be the best site for the proposed Factory as in the near future, electric power from Jog Falls is likely to be available there. If the promoters wish to develop this into a complete Match Factory in that case any site between Hubli and Dharwar near a Railway Station would be most suitable. From a survey carried out by Government of these localities, it is estimated that the sustained yield of about 1,600 tons per year can be obtained of the following four well known match-wood species:—

1. Bombax malabaricum.
2. Mangifera indica.
3. Alstonia scholaris.
4. Holigarna species.

It is expected, however, that more timbers which could be used for match splints will be discovered in this locallty if the proposed Company carries out the necessary research and experiments on the suitability or otherwise of other woods available.

2. Forest Department shall arrange for the marking and extraction of timer from the forests to the Factory site. The marking will be carried out according to the girth limits and prescriptions laid down by the Divisional Forest Officer, Working Plans, Southern Circle. The sequence of exploitation of the compartments will also be laid down by that officer on a felling cycle of about 25 to 30 years to ensure a sustained supply. The promoters of Factory shall pay to the Forest Department the actual cost of marking and exploiting and delivering the timber to the Factory site plus such overhead and supervision charges as may be mutually agreed upon, but not exceeding 10 per cent of above charges

For the information of the intending promoters of this Scheme, it may be stated that at present cutting and carting costs vary from Rs. 30/- a ton for a lead upto 10 miles. to Rs. 45/- to Rs. 50 - per ton for leads upto 30 miles.

3. There are unlikely to be any restrictions in connection with sale of splints to other match factories in the Province. But the permission to export the splints outside the Province shall require the sanction of Government of Bombay through the Chief Conservator of Forests, B.P.

4. The proposed Company should examine the possibility of seasonal working of the factory in order to employ local labour when not engaged on cultivation or other essential work. The proposed Company will be responsible for housing, sanitation and medical attention of the labour employed by them as per rules laid down by the Department of Labour of the Government of Bombay from time to time.

5. Factory shall start production from a date to be agreed upon which shall not be later than two years from the date of signing the agreement.

6. The proposed Company shall pay to the Forest Department a royalty rate of not less than Rs 25/- per ton (50 cft. of timber in the round delivered into the factory site. This rate shall be fixed in the first instance for 5 years, liable to revision every 5 years subject to the proviso that any enhancement of the rate at each revision shall not exceed more than 25% of the above rate.

7. Industrialists interested in the above Scheme are invited to send tenders to the Chief Conservator of Forests, Bombay Province, Poona 1, to reach him before or by 12 noon on 30th day of September 1948 at the latest.

The tenderers must state:—

(i) Full name of the firm or individual or individuals (in the case of a Company, it should be owned, controlled and managed by the nationals of Indian Union or at least 75 per cent capital and management should be Indian)

(ii) The capital available, the banker's name must be given to whom a reference can be made to substantiate the financial status of the party or firm.

(iii) Experience in this or allied business.

(iv) The source (the country of origin) from where it is intended to obtain the necessary machinery.

(v) What rate of royalty above the basic rate of Rs. 25/- per ton will be paid to the Forest Department for timber in the log per ton delivered at factory site in addition to marking, extraction, carting and supervision charges mentioned in para 2 above.

(vi) Any other observation that the promoters wish to make.

8. An earnest money deposit of Rs. 10 000/- by Government chalan must be sent with the tender. This sum will be returned if the offer is not accepted, but will be forfeited if the offer is accepted and tenderer or tenderers fail to enter into an agreement to carry out the contract conditions. Government reserve the right to refuse or accept any tender without assigning any reason for so doing.

E. E. C. VAS,
Chief Conservator of Forests,
Province of Bombay.

Poona No. 1
31st July 48 1338

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the CHIEF ENGINEER, M. & S. M. RAILWAY, MADRAS for "RECONSTRUCTION OF STATION BUILDING" at the following Stations on Belgaum District —vide details below:—

STATION.	Approximate value of work. Rs.	Last date for submission of Tenders
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2. KOREGAON	60,000/-	12 hours on Thursday, The 23rd Sept. 1948

Tender forms and other documents will be issued on application on payment of Rs. TEN PER SET For each station.

Earnest money is to be paid in advance at the rate of Rs. 500/- per tender. (1284)

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Name of the Post	Grade & Scales of pay Mofussil scale.
1st Clerk Assistant Housing Commissioner (West).	Rs. 150-10-200.
Divisional Head Clerks.	Rs. 140-10-190.
Senior Accounts Clerks.	Rs. 100-8-140-10-150.
Senior Clerks.	Rs. 92-8-140.
Clerks (Junior)	Rs. 46-3-85-E.B.-4-105.
Store Keeper.	Rs. 60-4-120-E.B.-5-150
Daftary.	Rs. 35-1-50.
Head Draftsman.	Rs. 180-10-270.
Draftsman.	Rs. 100-4-120-5-170.
Assistant Draftsman (Qualified)	Rs. 70-5-130.
" non-Qualified	Rs. 70-3-85-4-125.
Tracers.	Rs. 46-3-85-E.B.-4-105.
Computors.	Rs. 46-3-85-4-105.

In addition to pay in the above mofussil scale of pay the applicant will get the usual allowance admissible to the post held from time to time.

Graduates are eligible for a starting pay at Rs. 64/- p.m. and Honours Graduates at Rs. 70/- p.m. in the above grades.

Applications giving details of the qualifications, age, pay expected, with previous experience if any, may please be submitted to the undersigned before 10th September 1948.

No replies to the individual applications will be given but selected candidates will be called for interview at their cost.

Experience in P.W.D offices will be one of criterions for the Selection to the Senior and responsible clerical posts.

Esplanade Maidan,
Cruickshank Road,
Bombay.

N. D. DAFTARY,
Assistant Housing Commissioner
(West) Bombay.

1333

WANTED

(1) Higher grade fully qualified Nursing Sisters Salary in the grade Rs. 125-10-165 Rs. 50/- p.a. uniform allowance.

(2) Higher grade, fully qualified Staff Nurses (female). Salary in the grade of Rs. 80-10-120. Rs. 30/- p.a. uniform allowance

(3) Student Nurses (Female). Minimum qualification passed Matriculate or Senior Cambridge. Salary Rs. 15/- on three months' probation From the 4th month in the grade Rs. 35-3-50 subject to passing the examination Rs. 30/- p.a. uniform allowance.

(4) Candidates who have passed general nursing required for midwifery training at Rs. 35/- p.m. Allowances same as student nurses.

Free board and lodging for all plus other allowances

Apply to Asst. Director of Personnel (Employments), TISCO, Jamshedpur. Last date 21st September, 1948.

1278

NOTICE

WANTED for the College of Commerce, Delhi, from 18th October, 1948: A lecturer in Economics in the grade 200-15-290-20-410-25-560. Candidate should possess a first Class Master's Degree. Higher start according to qualifications and experience. Dearness allowance at University rates. Provident Fund at 8-1/3 p.c. on confirmation. Apply to the Principal by 12th September, 1948.

VICE PRINCIPAL
College of Commerce, Delhi.

1289

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited for—

(a) Temporary Draftsmen in the Works Engg Deptt., Tisco, Jamshedpur in the grade of Rs. 150-10-200 which is under revision at present plus the usual dearness allowances, minimum qualification required being a diploma in mechanical and/or Structural Engineering from a recognised institution or its equivalent and three years' experience in a recognised Drawing Office Experience in an Iron & Steel Works will be an added qualification.

(b) Two Temporary Overseers in the Works Engg. Deptt., Tisco, Jamshedpur in the grade of Rs 100-10-170 which is under revision at present plus the usual dearness allowances, minimum qualification required being a diploma in Civil Engineering from a recognised institution or its equivalent with knowledge of building and reinforced concrete design.

Applications stating qualification, experience and age should reach the Asstt. Director of Personnel (Employments), Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd., Jamshedpur, on or before the 20th September, 1948.

1277

G.I.P. RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Bhore & Thull Ghauts, G.I.P. Rly., Lonavla, invites tender upto 16-30 hrs. on 27th September, 1948 for supplying and stacking ballast on Railway ground between Karjat and Lonavla.

The form of tender schedule and condition of contract can be had from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- each. This sum will not be refunded. 1270

NOTICE TO ALL IMPORTERS.

EFFECT ON MARINE INSURANCE POLICIES OF DELAYED CLEARANCE OF CARGOES.

CONSIGNESS ARE WARNED that failure on their part to clear their import cargoes from the Bombay Port Trust Warehouses, Godowns, etc., with reasonable despatch might prejudice any claims they may have against Insurance Companies. It is pointed out that under the Institute Cargo Clauses in most Companies' policies the following clause appears:—

"7. It is a condition of this insurance that the assured shall act with reasonable despatch in all circumstances within their control."

By deliberately using the Bombay Port Trust Warehouses, Godowns, etc., as storage godowns consignees make such godowns the "final warehouse" and any losses occurring in the godowns after a reasonable period would not be recoverable from Insurance Companies.

Inserted by
BOMBAY UNDERWRITERS' ASSOCIATION.
Jacob Sasson Building,
6. Rampart Row,
Fort, Bombay.

(1282)

NOTICE

ALL PATHANS are now "FOREIGNERS" within the meaning of the Registration of Foreigners Act, 1939, and are, therefore, required to register under the Registration of Foreigners Rules, 1939.

With effect from the 1st September 1948 all Pathans residing in the Greater Bombay limits will report themselves to the Inspector of Police, Pathan Branch, C. I. D., Head Police Office, Bombay, for the purposes of registration. Failure to do so within a month will render them liable to legal action.

(Sd.) V. D. MORAY.
Dy. Commissioner of Police.
Special Branch II, C. I. D., and
Provincial Registration Officer,
Bombay.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the Controller of Stores' Office/East Indian Railway, 17 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta upto noon on 29-9-48

Tender number SP/C/152/GB10/441 for supply of 105 cwts Cotton Raw, cleaned and jinned

Tender forms with full particulars may be obtained from the Office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 17, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by money order.

No refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the Controller of Stores' Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Controller of Stores' room by the Tenderer or his representatives. Tenderers representative may be present themselves at the time of opening of the tender in the room of Deputy Controller of Stores.

CONTROLLER OF STORES
1302

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY—TENDER

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, B. B. & C. I. Railway, Jacob Circle, Bombay No. 11, invites Tenders returnable on 13-9-48 for the supply of rivets of sizes. Tender forms are obtainable free of cost. Firms not on approved list of Tenderers should give their Banker's reference. (1326)

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the Controller of Stores' Office, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road. Calcutta upto noon on 24-9-1948.

Tender number S|LBW|48|753 for supply of one number pumping set 4000 gallons per hour capacity, petrol or oil driven to work against 150' head.

Tender forms with full particulars may be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores. East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by money order.

Ne refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the Controller of Stores' Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Controller of Stores' room by the Tenderer or his representatives. Tenderers and representatives may present themselves at the time of opening of the tender in the room of Deputy Controller of Stores.

CONTROLLER OF STORES

(1322)

THE BOMBAY UGANDA COMPANY. LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 29th Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 28, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 27th SEPTEMBER 1948 at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business.

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 31st December 1947.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To confirm the contribution of Rs. 1,016-10-8 to charities, during the year.
4. To elect Directors in place of Mr. Arvindprasad C. Desai, M. Kanaiyalal S. Desai and Mrs. Bhanumati K. Parikh who are appointed additional Directors and who retire from Office under regulation 107 of the Articles of Association of our Company but being elibigle offer themselves for re-election.
5. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but being eligible offer themselves for re-election.
6. To appoint auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
7. To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the meeting.

Notice is also given that the Tranfer books of the Company will be closed from Monday, the 20th September 1948 to Saturday, the 2nd October 1948, both days inclusive.

For The Bombay Uganda Company Ltd.,
For Parakh Agencies Ltd.,
CHANDULAL P. PARIKH,
Director.
Managing Agents.

28, Apollo Street ,Fort,
Bombay, 17th August 1948.

N. B.:—The Dividend if sanctioned will be made payable at the Company's Registered Office, 28, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay on and after Friday, the 15th October 1948 to those shareholders whose names stand on the Register on 20th September 1948 to whom Dividend Warrants will be posted to their registered addresses. "Information of any change of address should be given to the Company immediately."

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited from persons below 30 years of age on 22-9-1948, with strong physique and aptitude for out-door work, for the posts of Supervisors in the Encroachment Branch, Licence Department, in the grade of Rs. 90-5-160-8-200 plus usual dearness allowance. The applicants must have atleast passed the Matriculation Examination of a recognised University. Applications stating age, nationality, qualifications etc. and accompanied by copies of testimonials and certificates should reach the undersigned on or before 22nd September 1948. Municipal servants also can apply.

By order of the
Municipal Commissioner,
A. H. K. SHAIKH,
Superintendent of Licences,
Shops and Establishments.
7, Napier Road, Fort,
Bombay, 1-9-1948. 1321

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

THE LAST DATE for the receipt of applications for establishment of factory or factories for manufacturing Kath from Khair (Acacia catechu) trees in the forests of North Kanara District mentioned in the Press Note, published in the issue of this paper of 24th August, 1948, has been EXTENDED to 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1948.

NOTICE

THE SECRETARY, OKHA HARBOUR BOARD, BARODA invites applications for the following posts at Port Okha:—

PERMANENT PENSIONABLE POSTS

1. Dredging & Deck Master, Grade—200-20|2-300-25|2-400.
   QUALIFICATIONS:—H o m e Trade Master's Ticket (steam) & 3 years dredging experience.
2. Asstt. Dredging & Deck Master:—Grade 150-15|2-200-20|-2-250.
   QUALIFICATIONS :—Previous dredging experience necessary.
3. Deck Master for Tug:—Grade—200-20|2-300-25|2-400.
   QUALIFICATIONS: -- Steamship Home Trade Master's Ticket.
4. Engineer for Steam Tug:—Grade—200-20|2-300-25|2-400.
   QUALIFICATIONS:—1st class Mechanical Engineers Ticket and a Diploma from Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Bombay or such other recognised equivalent Institute. Should have worked in any ocean going or coasting steamer as an Engineer.

POSTS WITH BENEFITS OF PROVIDENT FUND RULES

1. Two 1st class Engine Drivers:—Grade—75-10|2-100.
   QUALIFICATIONS:—2nd class drivers ticket (steam) or 2nd class boiler attendents certificate and five years expefience on steam engines & boilers.
2. Two 2nd class Engine drivers:—Grade—55-5|2-75.
   QUALIFICATIONS:—2nd class drivers ticket (steam) or 2nd class boiler attendents certificate and 2 years experience on steam engines & boilers.
3. Two Sarangs:—Grade 75-10|2-100.
   QUALIFICATIONS :— Sarang inland waters ticket.
4. Electrician:—Grade—60-5|2-90.
   QUALIFICATIONS:—2nd class wireman license and long experience as electrician in power house.
5. Welder:—Grade—75-10|2-100.
   QUALIFICATIONS:—5 years experience in electric and exy. aceteline welding work.

All these above nine posts carry a special port allowance at the existing scale of 33-1|3% of salary upto salaries of Rs. 150|-, 25% for salary of Rs. 150-300|- and 20% for salary of Rs. 300-500|- in addition to the dearness allowance of Rs. 25|- allowable to salaries upto Rs. 199|- & Rs. 30|- for salaries of Rs. 200 to 400|- Government quarters will be supplied on rental according to State rules.

The applicants should give following particulars:—

Full name, with Surname, residence, Age with birth date, qualifications with copies of certificates, experience and Testimonials where served and in what capacity, minimum pay on which the applicant is willing to join and certificates regarding character.

The applicants will have to appear before Services Committee at Baroda at their own expenses.

Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify the candidate.

Applications should reach on or before the 20th September, 1948. Baroda, 1-9-1948. 1328

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta upto noon on 20-9-48.

Tender number SP|E|EST|F1|28|48 for supply of 8000 Nos. Pans G. I. Latrine 18.3|8"x10.3|8"x4.11|16" as per Chief Engineer's drawing No. D1789-35 to be seen in this office.

Tender forms with full particulars may be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway. 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on payment of Rs. 5|- per copy to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by money order.

Copy of drawing No. D1789-35 may be purchased from the office of the Chief Engineer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta at Re. 1|- per copy on production of the receipt granted by the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta. Firms outside Calcutta should remit the cost of the drawing to the Chief Engineer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta direct by money order.

Ne refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the Tenderer or his representatives. Tenderers and representatives may present themselves at the time of opening of the tender in the room of Deputy General Manager (Works).

GENERAL MANAGER.
(1323)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 20-10-1948 from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan for the post of HEAD OF TEXTILE CHEMISTRY DEPARTMENT, R. C. TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, AHMEDABAD. AGE:—Not more than 35 years on 1st January 1949. PAY:—Rs. 220-650 PLUS cost of living allowance if admissible. QUALIFICATIONS:—(a) A degree of M.Sc. (Tech.) or at least 2nd class B.Sc. (Tech.) in Textile Chemistry and (b) At least 4 years' experience in the application of Dyestuffs, etc. Teaching or research experience an additional qualification. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 3½ annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1|- in favour of the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay", who will supply full details on request. (1318)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 20-10-1948 from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan for the permanent and pensionable post of STATISTICIAN, HAFFKINE INSTITUTE, BOMBAY. AGE.—Ordinarily not more than 28 years on 1-1-1949, relaxable in case of highly qualified and experienced candidates and in case of Bombay Government servants. PAY.—Rs. 150-400 PLUS cost of living allowance if admissible. Higher starting pay admissible. QUALIFICATIONS.—(a) M. A. or M.Sc. in Mathematics and (b) special training in Statistics. Those with statistical experience of not less than 3 years in relation to the Public Health and Medical Problems. preferred. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 3½ annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1|- in favour of the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay", who will supply full details on request. 1316

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 15-10-1948 from persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay and non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan for the posts of FOREST ENGINEER (CIVIL AND MECHANICAL). AGE.-On 1-1-1949 not less than 21 and not more than 23 years relaxable in case of exceptionally qualified candidates. PAY.—Rs. 300-1100, PLUS cost of living allowance if admissible. QUALIFICATIONS.—A first class degree in Civil or Mechanical-cum-Electrical Engineering. Selected candidates will be required to undergo a practical training prescribed by Government. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 3½ annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1|- in favour of the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay", who will supply full details on request. (1319)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF LABOUR ADMINISTRATION, AHMEDABAD

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 11-10-1948 from persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay and non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan for the post of Deputy Director of Labour Administration, Ahmedabad. QUALIFICATIONS.—(1) An Honours degree in Economics or Commerce or Science or Mathematics, (2) thorough knowledge of Gujarati, desirable. AGE—Less than 30 years on 1-1-1949. PAY.—Rs. 250-500 PLUS Rs. 75|- special pay PLUS Rs. 36|- conveyance allowance plus cost of living allowance. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 3½ annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1|- payable to the "Secretary Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay", who will also supply full details on request. (1317)

OUDH TIRHUT RAILWAY
TENDER NO. EB-2/DOOR LOCKS/21/48

CONTROLLER of Stores. O. T. Railway, Gorakhpur invites sealed tenders on prescribed form for the supply of 6500 Door Locks, self closing for third class carriages to O. T. Railway Drg: No. C.C.A. 28. Tender forms can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, O. T. Railway, Gorakhpur on payment in cash or by money order (not refundable) of Rupees three per set. If drawing is required Rupee one should be sent in addition. Tenders must reach the office of the Controller of Stores, O. T. Railway, Gorakhpur before 15th October, 1948 on which date no tender will be sold. These will be opened the next day at 3 p.m.

CONTROLLER OF STORES
(1327)

(For Futher Notices See Page 8.)

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PUBLIC NOTICES

THE UNITED GENERAL ASSURANCE TRUST (INDIA) LIMITED.
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the EIGHTEENTH ORDINARY MEETING of the Company will be held at the Company's Registered Office at Ismail Building, 381, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on the 27th day of September, 1948, MONDAY, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:

(1) To receive Directors and Auditors Reports and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1947.
(2) To elect Directors in place of those retiring by rotation but being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.
(3) To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and fix their remuneration.
(4) To transact any other business which may be brought before the Meeting with the permission of the Chairman.

By Order of the
Board of Directors
B. K. SINGANIA
Director

Bombay: 31st August, 1948.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 4th to 20th September, 1948 both days inclusive.

(1335)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
NOTICE

APPOINTMENTS OF PART-TIME RADIOLOGIST AND PATHOLOGIST — MUNICIPAL GROUP OF HOSPITALS, SION.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following posts at the Municipal Group of Hospitals, Sion on an Honorarium of Rs. 100/- p.m.

1. Radiologist. 2. Pathologist.

The applicant should be a native of the Province of Bombay or of an Indian State lying within the geographical limits of the Province of Bombay. He must possess a medical degree registrable under Bombay Medical Act VI of 1912 and should have a suitable post graduate qualification.

The selected candidate will be amenable to Municipal Service Regulations as regards leave. He will be appointed for a period of 6 months in the first instance subject to the production of a Physical fitness certificate from the Municipal Medical Examiner. The appointment will be renewed thereafter from time to time for a like period. He will be allowed private practice.

Applications stating age, nationality, qualifications, previous experience etc., accompanied by copies of testimonials and certificates of age and physical fitness should be made to the SUPERINTENDENT, MUNICIPAL GROUP OF HOSPITALS, SION on prescribed forms to be obtained from him on payment of annas eight on or before 15th September 1948.

Persons in Municipal service are eligible to apply.

Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify the applicant.

Persons working in other institutions should send their applications through the heads of their departments.

By order of the
Municipal Commissioner,
SUPERINTENDENT,
Municipal Group of Hospitals, Sion

(1336)

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta upto noon on 20.9.48.

Tender number SP E/EST/F1/53/48 for supply of 1100 Nos. Receptacles M. S. Galvd. with covers for night soil 9 gall. capacity to E. I. Rly. design.

Tender forms with full particulars may be obtained from the Office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by money order.

Copy of drawing No. 97286 may be purchased from the office of the Chief Engineer, E. I. Railway, Calcutta at Re. 1/- per copy on production of the receipt granted by the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta. Firms outside Calcutta should remit the cost of the drawing to the Chief Engineer, E. I. Railway, Calcutta direct by money order.

No refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's Office and then put into the Tender Box ouside the Dy. General Manager (Works) room by the Tenderer or his representatives. Tenderers and representatives may present themselves at the time of opening of the tender in the room of Deputy General Manager (Works).

GENERAL MANAGER

(1324)

NOTICE.

WANTED a Dental Mechanic for Tata's Main Hospital, Jamshedpur in the scale of Rs. 100-7 1/2-130 p.m. plus other allowances. Must be fully conversant with all types of mechanical dental work including gold work. Apply with full particulars, giving age, qualification, experience, to the Assistant Director of Personnel (Employments), Tisco, Ltd., Jamshedpur before the 15th September, 1948.

1276

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Bank of India Ltd. will be held at the Registered office of the Bank of Oriental Buildings, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Bombay, at 4 p.m. (Standard Time) on Thursday, the 7th October 1948, for the purpose of considering and if thought fit of passing the subjoined Resolution as a Special Resolution:—

RESOLUTION

RESOLVED that the sum of Rs. 3.66.974 be donated to the fund known as the Mahatma Gandhi National Memorial Fund administered by the President of the Indian National Congress, and that the donation be duly paid by the Bank.

Dated at Bombay this 4th day of September, 1948.

By Order of the Board,
A. C. CLARKE.
General Manager.

(1337)

THE TATA OIL MILLS COMPANY LIMITED.
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTIETH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of THE TATA OIL MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Bombay House, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, on Thursday the 30th September, 1948, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 1948 and the Reports of the Directors and Auditors, and to declare Dividends.
2. To elect a Director in place of Mr. Dharamsey M. Khatau, who retires in accordance with Article 127 of the Company's Articles of Association, but is eligible for re-election.
3. To elect a Director in place of Sir Ardeshir Dalal, K.C.I.E., who retires in accordance with Article 127 of the Company's Articles of Association, but is eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5. To pass, if thought fit, the following Resolution, which will be proposed as a Special Resolution:—

"Resolved that in response to the appeal for subscription to the Gandhi National Memorial Fund and or other funds to perpetuate the memory of Mahatma Gandhi, the Directors be authorised to make a contribution on behalf of the Company of a sum not exceeding Rs. 55,000/-."

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, the 4th September, 1948 to THURSDAY, the 30th September, 1948, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
TATA INDUSTRIES LTD.
Managing Agents.
N. H. TATA.
Director.

Bombay, 24th August, 1948.

NOTE:—If dividends as recommended by the Directors are passed at the Meeting, payments will be made on and after 1st October, 1948 to those Shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on the 30th September, 1948.

1320

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

THE FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION will hold at Allahabad, Bombay, Calcutta, Cuttack, Delhi, Madras, Nagpur, and Patna a combined competitive examination commencing on 20-12-48 for recruitment to

(1) The Indian Administrative Service,
(2) The Indian Foreign Service,
(3) The Indian Police Service,
(4) The Indian Audit and Accounts Service,
(5) The Military Accounts Department,
(6) The Indian Railway Accounts Service,
(7) The Imperial Customs Service,
(8) The Income Tax Officers (Class I, Grade II) Service,
(9) The Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways,
(10) The Establishment Department of State Railways,
(11) The Indian Postal Service, Class I.

AGE-LIMITS: For T (T) and C.D. and E.D. of State Railways: 21-25 years on 1-8-48. For other Services 21-24 years on 1-8-48. Upper limit in each case relaxable by three years in favour of Scheduled Castes. EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS: For I.A.S. and I.F.S.: A degree in Arts, Science or Commerce of a recognised University or its equivalent. For other Services: A degree of a recognised University or its equivalent. FULL PARTICULARS and application forms obtainable from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, P. O. Box No. 186, Council House, New Delhi. CLOSING DATE for applications with necessary certificates and a treasury receipt or crossed India.. postal orders for Rs. 82/8/- (Rs. 20/10/- in the case of Scheduled Caste candidates) 9th October 1948.

(1334)

PUBLIC NOTICES

In the Matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, VII, 1913.
AND
In the Matter of VORA BROTHERS (Kathiawar) L[illegible]
(In Voluntary liquidation)

TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to sec. 217 of the Indian Companies Act, a General Meeting of the members of the above named Company will be held at the Registered Office, Kantilal House, New Queen's Road, Bombay on Saturday 9th of October 1948 at 11 A.M. for the purpose of having an account laid before them showing, the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed off and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidator and also by determining by Extra-Ordinary resolution the manner in which the books, accounts and Documents of the Company and of the Liquidator shall be disposed off.

R. H. VORA
Liquidator.

(9470)

GENERAL PERMISSION UNDER INDIAN COTTON (CONTROL) ORDER 1945

No. TCSI/48 (1), 3rd September, 1948:— In pursuance of clause 5 of the Indian Cotton (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following amendment shall be made in my General Permission No. TCSI/48, dated the 1st September, 1948, under the said clause, namely.—

In the said General Permission, the brackets, words and figures "(Season 1948-49)" in the heading of column I of the schedule and the figures "1948-49" appearing in each of the headings of columns 3 and 4 of the same schedule shall be deleted.

T. P. BARAT,
Textile Commissioner to the Government of India

(1330)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. MAHOMEDBHOY MULLA BUXABHAI SHAIKH ABDUL RAHIM, GHULAMALLI ABDUL HUSSEIN EBRAHIMJEE SALEBHAI MULLA MAHOMEDALLI JIWANJI MASTER and AZGARALLY NAZARALLI SINGAPOREWALLA, joint Receivers appointed by the High Court of Bombay under a Consent Decree, dated 24th September, 1947, in suit No. 750 of 1947, Mahomedalli Mulla Buxabhai Shaikh Abdul Rahim vs. Mulla Mahomedali Shaikh Sharafalli and others have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance lease or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Jehangir Wadia Building, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, and to the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within fourteen days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of Foras New Salt Batty land or ground with the messuages tenements or chawls standing thereon, situate lying and being at the Junction of De Lisle Road and Clarke Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 4443 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 99 New No. 13605, Old Survey No. 390, as appearing formerly and from 1912-13 under No. 271 in the Rent Roll and New Survey No. 6/3450 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1952 of Byculla Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 21 (E), Ward Nos. 7253(1), 7253(2), 7253(2a), 7253(2b), 7254, 7428-7430 and Street Nos. 578, 582B, 576D, 576E, 576B, De Lisle Road 5, 5a, 5b, 7, 7a, 7b, 9, 9a, 9b, 11 and bounded on the East by De Lisle Road, on the West by the property of Rustomji Byramji Jeejibhoy, on the North by the Clarke Road and on the South by sweeper's Lane or Gully half of which belongs to the estate of Raghunath Narayan Khote and appurtenant to the premises hereby granted and beyond that formerly by the property of Jivabhai Vithaldas and now of Bhansalee Madhavji Ghelabhai.

Dated this 4th day of September, 1948.

MULLA & MULLA.
Purchaser's Attorneys.

1325

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of Lead Covered Wire, Lead Wire, Galvanized Iron, Wire Cables, Castings Base, Polls, Tool Scrap, Packing cases, Elec. Lamps, Big lots of Cords and Cordage, Primary Cells, Iron Scrap, Cords singal Transmeter, Telephone Reqest, etc., on Friday, 10th Inst., at 10 A.M. (S.T.) at the Yard of the Controller of Telegraph Stores Office, near General Motors, Sewri, Bombay, under instructions from the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay.

Terms: 25 per cent Cash deposit balance on or before 17-9-48 and Delivery on or before 5-10-48.

AUCTION SALE OF 22 Cases Rayon Waste Yarn on Thursday, to-day 9-9-48 at the Shop of M/s Kundanmal Ramlal, Yarn Market, Tamba Kanta, Pydhownie, under instructions from the Court Receiver, High Court, Bombay as the Receiver appointed in Bombay High Court Suit No. 3783 of 1947 (M/s Kundanmal Ramlal v/s Dilsizian Inc. & Anr.)

Terms: 25 per cent Cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF THE FILM "ZUMKE"

Under instructions from M/s Khunderao Laud & Co., Attorneys for the mortgagees Mr. B. D. Garware and others and on account and at the risk of the defaulting mortgagors, the New Century Film Exchange, M/s BENNETT & CO., will on MONDAY, the 8th November, 1948 at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their room, 120, Apollo Street, Fort:—

The Film "Zumke" of about 11000 feet length produced by M/s. Chitra Productions & featuring Akhtar, Jagirdar, Lalita Pawar, Satish & G. N. Bhutt with its South Circuit Distribution, Exploitation and Exhibition rights. Out of South Circuits, the following territories are now open for sale: namely Nizam Dominions & Andhra Province. One Print & usual publicity materials will be delivered to purchasers. A Trial of the film will be given to the intending purchasers.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to M/s. Khunderao Laud & Co., solicitors or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF 14 BALES CLOTH

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, as Receiver in Suit No. 958 of 1945 (Himatlal vs. Dharamsey) M/s. BENNETT & CO. will on TUESDAY, 14th inst. at 3 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their room, 120, Apollo Street, Fort:—

14 bales cloth such as Red Chintz, Surti Coating, Black Twill and Burkha.

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CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Shud 3 2004
Muslim: Zilkad 2 1367
Parsi: Farvardin 4 1318
Sunrise 6-24 A.M.
Sunset 18-49 P.M.
Hightide 01-35 13-48
Lowtide 07-34, 20-00

Today's Engagements

GHATKOPAR PROGRESSIVE STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION: Mr. S. L Silam, Secretary of B.P.C.C., will address the student workers and other social workers of Ghatkopar at 2-30 P. M. today Monday, when Mr. Bhagwandas K. Asher will preside.

DASHA SHRIMALI VANIK WELFARE SOCIETY: Meeting of Goghari Dasha Shrimali Vanik Gnatibandhu will be held today (Monday), at 3-30 P.M. at Halai Bhatia Mahajan Wadi Hall, Kalbadevi Road, to offer felicitations to Sjt. Vadilal Chatrabhuj Gandhi on his being appointed J. P. and Hon. Magistrate. Sjt. Jugaldas Damodardas Modi, Chairman of Gogharitad of Dasha Shrimali Vanik Community of Bombay will preside.

BAL SHIKSHAN NAGAR:- Bal Shikshan Nagar (Children's Town) a show the first of its kind in Bombay in October, with exhibits of child-education and New Education Activity-Rooms for children between 3 and 12 years Dr. Marie Montessory will deliver a series of lectures. A Refresher course for nursery School Teachers and lectures by eminent Educationalists for Public. This enteprise has been organised by Nutan Bal Shikshan Sangh and Shishu Vihar Mandal of Bombay.

"DNYAN WARDHAK" ANNUAL

The 76th annual number of "Dnyan Wardhak", edited and published by the veteran Parsi journalist, Mr. K. N. Poonawala, contains a large number of instructive articles, quite in consonance with the name it bears. One of them is written from the editor's note-book quoting some incidents in Mahatma's life that happened over 3 or 4 decades ago and which have not been hitherto cited by any journal, illustrated by a rare photo of Gandhiji as he was four decades ago. The number is priced at annas six, and published from 199 Hornby Road, Bombay.

"Natak"

The 16th number of "Natak", dated September 1, 1948, a Gujarati fortnightly publisher by Mr. Jaswant Thaker from Khadia Char Rasta, Ahmedabad states that it will soon be converted into a weekly.

New Bombay M.L.A.

Mr. H. J. Mulleneux has been declared to be elected as a member of the Bombay Legislative Assembly from the Bombay City-cum Bombay Suburban District, Anglo-Indian Constituency, in the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. S. H. Prater.

LATE MR. TOTE:— B. M. Tote, the first Police Sub-Inspector in Bombay from the Telugu Munurwar community died on Friday last after a brief illness at the early age of 36. He leaves behind a widow and three young children besides a large circle of friends and relatives to bemourn his loss.

WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, Sept. 5 (API): Following is the daily weather summary for Sunday the 5th September 1948:- Observations from the peninsula are scanty. Yesterday's depression has become slightly more marked and lies this morning over the northwest Central Provinces and the neighbourhood. It is likely to move westnorthwestwards. It has caused locally heavy rain in and near West Central India. Rainfall has been fairly widespread in West Bengal and Orissa and over the region extending from the United Provinces and Chota Nagpur to the Tamil Konkan.

Forecast valid until the evening of 6th:—Widespread rain with locally heavy falls is likely in the south United Provinces, in and near the hills of West United Provinces and the East Punjab, in East Rajputana, East Gujarat, Central India, the north and west Central Provinces and Berar. There will also be widespread rain in the Konkan, the north Deccan and north Malabar and local rain elsewhere except in southeast Madras, the north Madras coast and west Gujarat where scattered showers are likely.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, Sept. 5 (API): The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st June 1948 and departure from normal recorded at eight hrs. I.S.T. on 5/139/48
Ahmedabad 96 77 0 7.9 minus 16.1
Baroda 94 77 0 10.6 nil Bombay 84 76 0.1 55.9 minus 2.6 Calcutta 89 78 0.5 41.0 plus 1.6 Delhi 96 81 0 21.0 plus 2.7 Hyderabad (Dn) 85 71 0.7 4.5 minus 2.4 Hyderabad (Sd) 98 76 0 4.4 minus 1.1 Lucknow 93 82 0.2 35.3 plus 5.5 Madras 01 81 0.2 7.7 minus 3.1 Mahableshwar 64 60 0.9 182.8 minus 46.6 Nagpur 80 74 0.3 29.6 minus 7.0 Patna 93 82 0 25.5 minus 7.9 Poona 82 71 0 14.1 minus 1.1 Rajkot 97 72 0 5.8 minus 14.7

NAGPUR, Sept. 5 (UPI): It is announced that a meeting of the Working Committee of the All India Forward Bloc will held at Nagpur from Sept 25 to Sept. 27

B. P. Muslim League President Arrested

Mr. Hassanali P. Ibrahim, President of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League who had gone to Karachi sometime ago on return to Bombay on Saturday was arrested by the C.I.D. Police at the Santa Cruz Air Field, under the Public Security Measures Act. It is stated that on alighting from the plane when Mr. Ibrahim's luggage was searched some papers containing incriminating matter were seized.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

GANESHKHIND, Sept. 5 (API): Rani Maharaj Singh received Miss K. Burrows.

H. H. The Maharaja of Kapurthala and Major Jaswant Rai came to lunch.

Major General and Mrs. D. R. Thapar and Brigadier and Mrs. Harkirat Singh came to tea.

CIVIL SUPPLIES MINISTER FOR DELHI

Mr. Dinkarrao N. Desai, Minister for Law and Civil Supplies, will leave Bombay for Delhi, by air, on Tuesday, (Sept. 7), and return on Friday, (Sept. 10) also by plane.

RESOLUTION BEFORE B.P. MUSLIM LEAGUE

Mr. Ismail Khwaja Husain, a member of the Bombay Municipal Corporation elected on the Muslim League ticket has given notice of the following resolution to be moved by him at the party meeting to be held next.

"In view of the resolution passed by the Working Committee of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League on 5th September 1948, the League party in Municipal Corporation stands dissolved and the members elected on the League ticket in the Municipal Corporation are free to join any party they choose in the Corporation or remain independent

It is further resolved that these members should not form a new group but instead join the Congress National group either individually or en-block in the Municipal Corporation forthwith".

MOHAMED KHWAJA HUSAIN.

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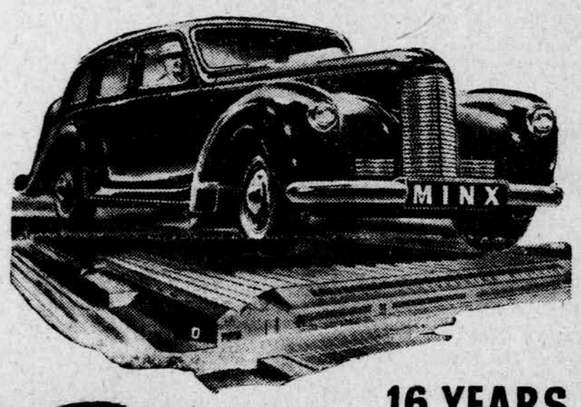

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The Bombay Chronicle

When the atmosphere for free criticism prevails, even mediocre persons will be encouraged to speak up; but, when such freedom is destroyed, even the best people will be inclined to hold their tongues. —SU TUNGPOO.

ENCOURAGING CONSENSUS

At last we have before us authorized summaries of the suggestions made to the Government by the various groups and individuals called into consultation by them over the fast deteriorating economic situation in the country. While it is possible to raise further controversy over the details of analysis of the existing situation offered by different advisers, and while the procedure followed by the Government in authority whose responsibility it is to give a lead to the nation in this as in all other matters of national importance is open to formal criticism, we feel that it will be in the best interests of the country to bury the past, and even to ignore procedural improprieties, if any, and to concentrate our attention on the remedial measures for the future. In this practical and really important sphere we are very glad to note that a very large measure of common agreement is revealed in the suggestions made by really significant groups. Industries, Labour and economists are after all in this matter the directly concerned and authoritative exponents of views which have a chance of being widely supported. Each one of these groups quite naturally has its own peculiarities of special suggestion and emphasis. But taking their suggestions together they constitute a definite body of tenets for immediate economic po... which the Government, we hope, will find helpful, if not actually compelling.

The main suggestions fall into four categories. All sections agree that an active and planned production programme must be launched to overcome in the smallest possible time the pressing evil of shortages. None, we hope, expect immediately striking results in this respect, but if a proper policy is laid down and steadily pursued it is not too much to hope that, in a couple of years, the situation may be considerably eased and thereafter it may show signs of definite improvement. Mr. Khandubhai Desai, the leading exponent of the labour view, rightly emphasises the need for both qualitative and quantitative control of production, as, for instance, by an immediate prohibition of production of cotton textile goods of counts above forties. The industrialists, while not averse to regulation of production in principle, call for a rationalization of labour, by which they mean a willing co-operation on the part of labour in any scheme of getting the best out of the present productive equipment by such means as the introduction of a third shift wherever possible. Given an assurance of an all round equalization of burdens we do not see why labour should be opposed to such a natural step on principle. The economists would go one step further to ensure an all-round rationalization of capital as well as labour. In Great Britain and other countries in similar circumstances it was thought desirable to set up working parties for each major industry. These parties were representative of both labour and management and had either official or neutral chairmen. It would be the function of such parties to get down to technical details and decide on programmes and targets capable of immediate implementation. It is desirable that once the official policy on this subject is announced we also should get down to such a workmanlike policy. Given a clarification of Government policy and of the mutual suspicions of labour and managements we do not see why this essential part of our economic policy should not be adopted with unanimity and enthusiasm.

From steps designed to overcome the physical shortage of goods it is natural to think of steps calculated to put a lid on purchasing power. In this sphere, except for the bankers who live on the rate of interest, all other significant groups, not excluding the industrialists, have definitely stated that there should be no further rise in the rate of interest on long term Government borrowing. It is possible in the course of the day to day pursuit of credit policy on the part of the Reserve Bank to think of minor monetary adjustments such as making the rate on treasury bills a little more attractive than at present. In fact the industrialists' group seems to have favoured even more direct steps to regulate the flow of credit in particular areas. While no group, not even that led by Mr. Khandubhai Desai, would favour any immediate deflationary measures except as counsel of desperation, all agree that there must be no further issues of paper currency. Given a suspension of additions to note issue and a firm and discriminating policy of regulation of credit on the part of the Reserve Bank we are hopeful that the race between too few goods and too much free money will be soon halted.

It is remarkable that eight months after the first announcement in favour of decontrol was made supposedly at the instance of the people at large and especially at the instance of business men, we get a unanimous advice from all sections that control not only over essential articles but on foreign trade is both necessary and unavoidable. We feel certain that the Government will be immensely relieved and supported by this unanimity of the advocacy for reintroduction of controls where necessary. We only hope that from the very commencement they will ensure that control administration does not suffer from those evils of dilatoriness, lack of understanding and uniformity of policy, and corruption complained of in the old regime. Besides commodity control in internal trade a fairly large amount of control will have to be exercised over foreign commerce, if only to ensure the freer import of essential consumers' goods and capital equipment. A proposal to impose a ceiling on wages, prices and dividends is an integral and essential part of any scheme of integrated control, and we are glad to note that in substance there is a large measure of agreement on this issue as well. We trust that, in giving effect to this policy, any lack of adjustment between the cost of living and prevailing wage rates that may have developed in the meanwhile will be taken into account. Elements of policy of control such as rationing and compulsory procurement will have to be adopted wherever necessary. Once the broad principle of accepting controls where necessary is granted the type and extent of control can only be determined from time to time in the light of changing circumstances.

Even in the fiscal sphere there is considerable agreement among the different sections of advisers. That the Governments should not run into deficit budgets, in fact if we are to follow the labour prescription backed we suppose by the economists, that Governments should by retrenchment and additional taxation build up surplus budgets is an advice which though not calculated to be popular in the short run must find favour with Government spokesmen concerned. That productive expenditure not immediately fruitful should be suspended and that social expenditure should be limited to present commitments are natural though not very agreeable suggestions. On one point in respect of which most advisers, official as well as non-official, seem to be agreed, namely, suspension of any further progress with the prohibition policy of the Provincial Governments, we must frankly and emphatically state our dissent, which is based on no sentimental reasons. Prohibition is at all times a very difficult, according to some an almost impossible policy, to enforce. But given the objective, the worst that we can do with it is to play fast and loose with it. Once the war put a check on it and if now it is left at half-cock its reintroduction is bound to be unusually difficult. Moreover, it is not essential as a part of anti-inflationary policy to drop prohibition if the same revenues are raised more or less from the same class of people who now bear the burden of excise. We do not desire at this stage to enter into a discussion of the details of policy under any head. We would fain leave that to be done when the Government's decision of policy on the major principles is known. In a crisis of the magnitude of our present difficulties it is very heartening to see that a substantial measures of agreement exists among all sections of the community as to the proper methods to meet the challenge of the situation. Given firm leadership we have every hope that we shall live down this evil as we have already lived down many other evils which have dogged our steps since independence day.

Ex-Queen Wilhelmina

The people of the Netherlands had good reason to be emotionally moved, by the ceremonies of last week, which culminated in the voluntary abdication of Queen Wilhelmina in favour of her daughter, now Queen Juliana. For nearly sixty years a queen and for fifty a ruling sovereign, the ex-Queen had, like Queen Victoria of Britain, become a living institution to her people. And she served them well according to her lights. The lights, however, were not adequate or even above reproach in the present age. She was a capable monarch devoted to old traditions—traditions of democracy at home and relentless domination over "the Empire". The people and resources of Indonesia for instance existed primarily for service to the political and economic greatness of the Netherlands and the interests of the Dutch. Princess Wilhelmina was a great Queen in the sense that apart from administering the affairs of the Netherlands well for fifty years she stood up to the Nazi challenge with a courage and in a manner which very deservedly wrung admiration from an entire world. She was a heroine symbolising the unconquerable spirit of liberty and defiance of oppression by the alien. Yet these are the virtues which are sins in Indonesia. The Indonesian Republican movement is essentially a revolt against oppression, a revolt for freedom and liberty. Was she able to appreciate it? The answer, regrettably, is "no." That is why for the people of Indonesia the end of ex-Queen Wilhelmina's reign in no wistfully sad event.

Eduard Benes

Dr. Eduard Benes whose death has occurred in the Prague suburb to which he had latterly withdrawn, is the martyr of modern politics. Czechoslovakia in the years between the two world wars, was like an earthen pipkin between two iron pots; and it was its misfortune that it dashed against both. It was Dr. Benes' lot to pilot the country in those difficult times. Czechoslovakia in its heyday could boast of having taken the best from Russian Communism and from the Western Democracies. As a Slav people, the Czechoslovaks could not take the anti-Russian attitude which the West would have liked them to take, there was also the close proximity of this powerful Nation to reckon with. At the same time, politically the Czechoslovakia of Masaryk and Benes had spiritual kinship with the democracies. Dr. Benes' influence in international politics moved along with agreement between Russia and the West. The conflict which today occurs in every nation between the Communism and Democratic Socialism, seemed to exist within Dr. Benes himself. At the time of Munich, according to one report, the Russian Ambassador in Prague asked Benes if he would resist Munich on an assurance of Russian support; and Dr. Benes refused. In the Gottwald crisis, Dr. Benes is believed to have assured Gottwald that he would not form a Cabinet without the Communists and later to have yielded to the pressure of the Communists in the hope that it would bring peace to his country. An index to the deterioration in international politics in the past two or three decades is afforded by the fact that between the two world wars Dr. Benes was able to rally the small nations and oppose Big Power aggression whilst after World War II he could do nothing. Dr. Benes had fought his fight gallantly and with a kind of heroic desperation. Yet though his work was finished and it would have been absurd to expect more from the veteran, there is a deep sense of loss at the thought that a champion of peace and internationalism is no more. To few architects of a country's freedom is given the distress of seeing independence achieved, then lost, rewon again, and again in jeopardy. For though Czechoslovakia's national freedom remains on the surface, the drift to a police state must have disturbed the peace of the dying statesman's last days.

Uri-Chakothi Front

ENEMY USING 80 POUNDERS NOW!

Commendable Fighting Spirit Of Kashmir National Militia Men

(From Our Correspondent)

The following is the report of a tour of the Uri-Chakoti Front on August 22, 1948 in company of Capt. Vishwar P.R.O.:

While the Kashmiri Commission is discussing "cease-fire" proposals with India and Pakistan Governments, the Pakistan forces fighting in Kashmir are busy pouring in more and more strength.

And, now, we have a new thing to tell.

The enemy is using eighty-pounders!

During a visit to the front, while standing near the last Indian post on the main Uri-Chakoti road, I heard exchange of fire in a grim battle atmosphere. There was a good deal of excitement. We had to take cover lest we be seen by the enemy.

The fighting on this front, as an Army official explained to me, was not a battle for the road. It was a battle to capture hill features; that was really a heavy and tough job.

Imagine our troops fighting one hill-tops which are usually ten thousand feet high. Ammunition, rations, etc., have to be taken to these hill-tops, and in some cases it takes three days for the convoy to reach the spot.

In this connection, Kashmiri labour has been of great help to the Army.

KASHMIR YOUTH'S FIGHTING SPIRIT

I was very much impressed with the work of the Kashmir National Militia men. Anywhere you go will see Kashmir youths at work. Even at forward pickets, they fight the enemy shoulder to shoulder with their Indian brethren. On the main Uri-Chakothi Road I saw National Militia men guarding the road bridges etc. and keeping a vigilant watch. They carry out night-patrols, too. I had the opportunity of meeting a Militia Platoon "somewhere" on the Uri-Chakothi road. They are there for the last eleven months. They are all hale and hearty. Under the able leadership of their Platoon Commander, Gulam Mohammed Butt, they have given good examples of gallantry. Platoon Commander Butt told me they are determined to beat back the enemy at all costs. Since their arrival at this front, they have had very little casualties.

At the operational headquarters, we met the Commanding Officer who had just then come back from the forward area. He showed us an empty shell of 80 pounder (5.5" medium gun) which he had recovered the same day. This had been thrown by the enemy into our area, but fortunately it had missed the point aimed at.

This empty shell bore the numbers:—

80 Lbs. 25".5
Ms. & F. Ltd.
3/45

This was positive proof to show that the enemy was being helped by Pakistan and that those fighting on the other side are fully trained and organised.

BRAVERY THAT COST SHEIKH HIS LIFE

We met a body of troops on a hill feature situated "somewhere" south of Uri. The company commander, Major Anantram Naiyer M.B.E. who has joined the Army after serving in the Navy, told us how one of his Muslim Maldars Sheikh Ibrahim (who came from Andhra district) fought well and laid down his life for the freedom of Kashmir. Major Naiyer told us that some time back a fighting patrol was sent in command of Sheikh Ibrahim to Haji Pir Pass. The patrol came under enemy crossfire. The whole platoon was in open ground. The Sheikh was leading the platoon and was waiting for the Commander from the base. He snatched a Bren gun from the section and shot forward. While he was going up, he neutralised one enemy bunker on the right and killed all its three occupants. He then turned to his left to neutralise, enemy attack and killed enemy machine-gunners. Unfortunately, enemy bullets hit him in his back. Because of his leadership and initiative, the platoon was able to capture his objective with few casulties.

Major Naiyer related to us also an act of bravery by an Indian Army Doctor of Indian Medical Service. His name is Dr. Triokchand Prabhakar of Srinagar. His story runs as follows:

PUTS WOUNDED MEN IN SAFER PLACE

Disregarding the company commander's warning, he ran into bullet-infested area, South of Uri and gave first-aid to four or five of wounded men. He succeeded in pulling them out from the dangerous open ground into a safer place from where they were removed to the base. Twice, in one particular action, he rendered first-aid to wounded sepoys and pulled them out of danger. During the attack, he himself was hit by enemy bullet, but fortunately, it did not cause any injury. His was an act of rare bravery. He is now on some other front. Major Naiyer told us that his Havaldar-Major is a Muslim. Their camp cook is a Moplah from Madras who is also a Muslim. The army people are at friends with local population. Locals and Kashmiri Muslim labourers are working with Army men.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Bombay Cloth Policy

The Bombay Government's new policy with regard to the distribution of cloth, explained last week by the Minister for Civil Supplies, seems to be an improvement on the old policy followed before cloth was decontrolled. The main features of the new scheme are a reduction in the number of intermediaries handling cloth and the encouragement of Co-operative Societies. It is true that the fixing of the maximum price and stamping it on every piece of cloth helps to safeguard the interests of the consumer irrespective of the number of intermediaries between him and the producer. But, if the number of intermediaries is too large, the desire of each to make a good profit tempts many to follow black market methods by demanding higher prices than the prescribed ones or in the alternative, pleading lack of stock. The same danger will have to be faced if there are too few retail shops. It is not easy to bring into existence a sufficiently large number of efficient co-operative societies. In any case, the Bombay Government has done well to decide to take over the entire provincial quota and to distribute it through Government-controlled shops. Leaving any portion to private wholesalers would certainly have led to malpractices. As regards the proposal to have only about six shops per taluka in the districts, that is, only one shop for about 15,000 inhabitants, we fear the number of shops will be too small and will inflict a hardship on numerous villagers. We are confident however, that the details of the scheme will be revised as and when found necessary by experience. What is reassuring is that Government has realised the need for effective control.

Deterrent Punishment

The Government of India's determination to enforce rigorous control on cloth is indicated by, among other things, its Bill, adopted by the Central Assembly on Saturday, tightening up the machinery for the enforcement of control on cotton textiles. The Bill provides that in cases involving a contravention of any order in respect of cotton textiles the trying Court shall award a sentence of imprisonment to the offender and order the forfeiture of a part or whole of the property in respect of which the contravention has taken place. The offender will no longe. be able to get away by merely paying a fine. So infuriated are the people by the malpractices of the black marketers that such a responsible person like Mr. B Das betrayed a lamentable lack of a sense of proportion when he suggested in the Assembly that a few of the culprits might be hanged if necesary. However, those who are righteously indignant about the malpractices in question, can help Government better by co-operating with it actively in preventing or suppressing such practices.

Well Said, But—

The World Congress of Churches, which has been holding its sessions at Amsterdam, has adopted a lengthy "Message to the Christians of the world", which is full of very fine sentiments, and which concludes: "We have to oppose terror, cruelty and race discrimination, to stand by the outcast, the prisoner and the refugee, to make of the church everywhere a voice for those who have no voice and a home.... where every man will be at home.... We have to ask God to **teach us** together to say 'No' to all that flouts the love of Christ to every system and every person that treats any man as though he were an irresponsible thing or a means of profit, to say 'Yes' to all that conforms to the love of Christ, to all who work for justice to the peace makers, to all who fight and suffer for the cause of man". Exceedingly noble sentiments, surely. Those who had gathered at Amsterdam might have asked themselves, however, what help, even moral and spiritual, the organised Church of Christ as such had rendered in the past few years to individuals and peoples all over the world struggling for liberty and to assert the dignity of human beings against "terror, cruelty and race discrimination", and what the church is doing even today to help such individuals and peoples in their struggles, such as those which are going on in the African continent, in the United States and in South-East Asia. The oppressed peoples of the world, most of whom are non-Christian, will not be able to derive any comfort from the mere words, however, finely phrased, of representatives of the Christian, unless they are translated into positive action.

The Cloven Hoof

Mir Laik Ali, Premier of Hyderabad has declared that, whatever the U.N. might decide, it would make no difference to Hyderabad's stand for independence. If this is so, then what is the meaning of the reference? As a matter of fact, Mir Laik Ali might have more correctly said that the reference itself, of which no one seems to have any definite knowledge apart from the Court of Hyderabad, was not on the issue of independence at all. He seems to have given a hint of this when he asserted that the reference arose out of a set of circumstances brought about by India. As these circumstances all relate to charges levelled by the Nizam's agents of breach of the Standstill Agreement, it is reasonable to assume that the Hyderabad appeal to U.N. concerns itself with better implementation of the Standstill Agreement itself. This is not a demand for affirmation of Hyderabad's right to independence but a voluntary surrender of certain powers of sovereignty as the Nizam himself has admitted. Mir Laik Ali would do well to make up his mind what exactly he wants—Independence or the Standstill Agreement. If he did this, he need not follow the tortuous and misleading path of outside aid but appoach India direct. Mir Laik Ali further asks why India which has won her freedom denies it to Hyderabad. The question is nonsensical in the context of Hyderabad today. Mir Laik Ali might as well tell us why the Nizam and his satellites seek independence when they are unwilling to share it with their people. The Hyderabad Premier should give up the mirage of independence and settle down early to the reality of accession which only becomes more painful the longer it is delayed. The proof of mental reservation is overwhelming when Mir Laik Ali talks of seeking at the hands of U.N. a "peaceful solution of the deadlock" and in the same breath asserts that "no matter what happens (at U.N.) we shall not give up our freedom.

Baroda

The one-day celebrations with which the inauguration of responsible Government in Baroda was marked, is a happy augury. The State was one of the first to decide on accession, thereby upholding the traditions of co-operation between Baroda and Indian nationalism. The coming of responsible Government was delayed because of the vagaries of the ruler but, as Sardar Patel has pointed out, it is best to forget the past and settle down to building the future. The Maharaja himself has shown a just appreciation of the new times and has recognized the Sardar's part in bringing about a peaceful and honourable adjustment.

Future Of Communal Universities

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Minister for Education, Government of India, who was to introduce in the present session of the Parliament a Bill to amend the Benares Hindu University Act and the Aligarh Muslim University Act with a view to effect a change in the present purely communal character of the two universities, has announced that, in deference to the request of the authorities of the Benars University for more time to consider the proposed amendments, he has postponed the introduction of the Bill. It is understood that the Bill seeks to make two radical changes in the constitution of the two universities, namely (1) to delete the words "Hindu" and "Muslim" in the title of the two universities and (2) to remove the provision in the existing constitution of the Benares Hindu University which debars a non-Hindu from being a member of the managing bodies of the university. Probably there is a similar bar in the constitution of the Aligarh University against a non-Muslim being a member of the governing bodies of that university. Since both the universities are in receipt of handsome subventions from the Government of India it is but natural that the latter, conformably to the purely secular character of the Indian State, should ask the two universities to give up their avowedly communal character. It is to the credit of these universities that from their very inception their portals have been open to students of all denominations, and not merely Hindus and Muslims. But, as the control and management of the universities is confined strictly to Hindus and Muslims respectively, their purely communal character has become patent. As a matter of fact, both the institutions were launched into existence as purely communal institutions to promote mainly, if not solely, sectional ends, and have been intended by their promoters and patrons to remain as such for all time. Whether, in view of the changed conditions in the country and the new vision that has dawned on the nation, the supporters of the two universities will agree to transform them into purely secular institutions is debatable. The secular Government of India, however, cannot afford to compromise its stand. Its financial help cannot any more be extended to purely communal institutions. If one or the other or both the universities do not wish to drop their communal character, it will be open to them to stand on their own legs, foregoing all financial help from the State.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Art In Bombay

Sir,—In your editorial of July 24, 1948, on "Art in Bombay", you have so very rightly stressed this subject VIS-A-VIS the report of the Art Education Committee appointed by the Government of Bombay in 1946, with Mrs. Hansa Mehta as Chairman.

I am sure, when I say that the whole of the Art world of Bombay is deeply interested in this matter, I voice the feelings and keenness of all art-minded public interested in Art Education of this province.

It is true, that the unanimity of the report under reference has beyond the knowledge of a few people here and there, received no real publicity or circulation that it so richly deserved at the hands of the Government. It is also high time, that the Government now implemented the recommendations made by the committee, without any further respite. This Report is so comprehensive that each and every recommendation fulfils the long-felt want of improvement, and is, therefore, bound to produce far-reaching practical results when fully implemented. There cannot be two opinions on the subject of Art being an independent section, when it is already so, in this province since 1929, and which should not only be retained as such, but as rightly pointed out by the Committee, even the office of the Inspector of Drawing and Craftswork should be transferred to it. The machinery for Administration of Art will be the Minister of Art and Education and the Advisory Board which is recommended by the Committee and whose Chairman will also be the Minister, and such a machinery as pointed out by you will be quite smooth and efficient and I am confident that the Government will not allow any complication in it. Heads of Art Department should be in direct contact with Minister in charge of Art, if the progress of Art and Art Education is to be ensured. In short, you have touched all the various aspects and many really vital and relevant points and they are all of paramount important for the well-being of Art & Craft Education of this province and for those who will be actually responsible in giving practical shape and effect to those worthy recommendations of the Art Education Committee.. May I request the Government of Bombay to give this matter their urgent and deserving attention that it so badly needs and also come forward to assure the Art-minded public, that they have accepted the Committee's recommendations 'in toto', since the Report is so very unanimous in all its bearings?—Yours etc.

"AN ARTIST"

Linguistic Provinces?

Sir,—We Indians have always revelled either in theoretical abstractions or sentimental halftruths. Looking among other things at the intense and widespread propaganda for linguistic provinces including the one for greater Maharashtra, it does not seem that we have yet learnt much better. From that point of view, the recent resolution of Bombay Provincial Congress Committee recommending the postponement of the consideration of the question and the news that a similar resolution is going to be moved in the Constituent Assembly and that it will be backed by members of the present Dominion Government and Congress Working Committee is, indeed, welcome. As one thinks of the matter, it is open to question whether even the very principle of linguistic provinces is really suitable for application in this country, having the background and the aspirations that it has. If we aim at a United India, is a creation of self sufficient compact provinces really conducive to that end? In view of this, it is very desirable that the whole question should be further gone into when we have greater leisure and peace of mind to consider the questions in a detached manner on their own merits. The fact that when we were fighting the British domination over this country we said one thing or another should not be taken as comthe peace of the dying statesman's on any question. —Yous, etc.

P. R. DAMLE.
Nowrosji Wadia College
Poona.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

The position of the provinces in the Pakistan constitution is now being seriously taken up by the Pakistan Government it is learned authoritatively .....

The consensus of opinion—both in official and non-official political circles—seems to be in favour of doing away with them altogether".

—Karachi Report.

* * *

Speaking at the popular Government Darbar, His Highness the Maharaja of Baroda said: ".....our motherland is passing through an unparalleled crisis .....This is the time which demands supreme sacrifices. I was guided by these thoughts when I decided to hand over the reins of Government.....".

Evidently the threat of an unparalleled crisis to the motherland coincided with the cabled receipt of the Dhara Sabha's resolution and the motherland got going through the unparalleled crisis when His Highness came to New Delhi, saw and—"decided"

By the way, three cheers to His Highness on his "supreme sacrifice" in handing over to the people's representatives what belonged to the people.

* * *

The announcement by India's Supply Minister, Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerjee, of an impending all-out drive against profiteering, hoarding and black marketing is captioned by a contemporary thus: "GOLDEN BUGS" TO BE JAILED.

The glittering spectacle would be a sight worthy of the eyes of the gods.

* * *

A Member related in Parliament the other day how an old woman found selling match boxes at half-a-pice more than the fixed price was caught hold of and punished by an officer who had been specially sent out to detect cases of large-scale black marketing in rice.

But there is nothing to be distressed about or ashamed of in all this in fact, the instance proves how marvellously sharp can be the eye of special officers for a broken needle dispite the whole blessed haystack so to speak.

* * *

"I have", declared Sardar Patel in Parliament, "seen in the papers that Master Tara Singh has offered his services and Sardar Mohan Singh has offered his services I welcome all those people who want to create trouble to come here (in Delhi)".

The next move lies with Master Tara Singh and Sardar Mohan Singh And since Sardar Patel is known to be a man of his word they may be assured of his warm hospitality as promised.

* * *

The national group of Pakistan in the Permanent Court of arbitration has, we read, nominated Sir Md Zafrullah Khan for the bench of the International Court of Justice.

Which admittedly would be very nice and all that. B—b—b—ut why do they want him to go away from Karachi?

* * *

On his return from America Sir Homi Mody declares: "The United States undoubtedly stands today as the strongest bulwark of peace in the world and affords a striking example of the strength and vitality of democratic institutions".

Now Sir Homi Mody should go to the Soviet Union.

* * *

One of the doctors, who attended on Dr. Benes, said on the latter's death: "Czechoslovakia is a much poorer nation tonight".

The unideological point is that the doctor was right too.

* * *

According to an optimistic report from Berlin, an agreement in principle was reached in the fifth conference of the Big Four Military Governors.

We are now able duly to look forward to the complete deadlock on the preliminary interpretation of the principle.

* * *

AMSTERDAM: Queen Juliana after paying a tribute to her mother, shouted "Long live the Netherlands"—cheered to the echo by the vast assembly below.

And, of course, "the Empire".

COAL TRANSPORT HANDICAPPED

Sequel To Non-Receipt Of Petrol Coupons

DHANBAD, Sept. 4 (API): Coal transport from pithead to colliery is practically at a standstill owing to non-receipt of petrol coupons from the Provincial authorities. During August, petrol coupons for a fortnight were received for distribution by the department concerned. It is learnt that the Mines Department was intimated in the last week of August that the coupons for the remaining period were being sent, but uptodate no coupons, it is learnt, have been issued to the coal industry throughout drop in the loading of coal wagons.

Some collieries having railway sidings are continuing despatch work. The different coal associations are reported to have drawn the attention of the Government to the situation confronting the Indian coal industry.

URGENT SESSION OF MAHARASHTRA P. C. C

POONA, Sept 5 (API): An urgent meeting of the general body of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee has been convened for Sunday, (September 12) at 2 P. M. at the Poona Congress Bhawan. The meeting will consider the issue of the United Maharashtra Province, the Greater Bombay Scheme, and the question of relations between Congress workers and Government officials.

The executive of the MPCC will meet at the same place on September 11.

Overnight Rain Delays Play In Kanga League

VIJAY MERCHANT TURNS A BOWLER: CAPTURES 12 WICKETS IN A MATCH

BOMBAY, Sunday.—Start of play was delayed this morning in the Kanga League matches due to the pitches being affected by the overnight rains.

The batting honours for the day went to R. N. Bharucha who scored 90 for the Parsee Gymkhana and M. M. Dalvi, who scored an unbeaten 57, while Vijay Merchant, India's Test Captain, B. R. Irani, and K. K. Tarapore stole the bowling honours with 7 for 13, 7 for 18, and 5 for 20 respectively. Vijay Merchant in Bandra Gymkhana's second innings, once more was successful with the leather and captured 5 for 17 runs.

Play did not start at the Brabourne Stadium until half an hour before tea, when S. N. Mehta, the skipper of the Brothers' Club won the toss and put C.C.I. in to bat. Ibrahim and Mantri opened the innings and playing confidently crossed the century mark. At 103, Mantri lost his wicket and here Tarapore, who led the C.C.I. applied the closure, leaving Brothers' Club only an hour during which they were asked to score the requisite number of runs. But wickets fell quickly and six batsmen were back in the pavilion, when stumps were drawn, the match ending in a draw, each side getting one point.

At the Kennedy Seaface the wickets were lifeless, and only Islam Gymkhana managed to gain a decisive victory. Plucky innings by Maka and Khopekar enabled the Gymkhana to declare at 177 for 7, and their opponents, the Prabhu Young Cricketers, failed by 42 runs, thus giving Islam Gymkhana three points for first innings victory.

Parsee Gymkhana drew with Gaud Saraswat Sport Club. R. M. Bharucha was once more unfortunate in missing the coveted three figures. He showed that he is the mainstay of his side and with his skipper Dadyseth put on 103 for the fourth wicket. He hooked, and drove with confidence and helped his side to put on board the respectable score of 152 for 4 wickets, in reply to the opponent's 1[illegible] for 4. Dalvi again dominated his side's batting and scored a splendid unbeaten 57.

Fifty-five year old Dr. Gurtu batted gloriously at the Hindu Gymkhana for the home side. He hit hard to get his half century and just before he got out delighted the spectators—who were mostly schoolboys—with a beautiful sixer on the leg side which landed right on the Marine Drive Road. Hindu Gymkhana scored 131 for 8 and the Parsee Cyclists replied with 86 for 6. G. Ramchand, the Sind all-rounder, who opened the Gymkhana attack bagged three wickets for 21 runs. The match ended in a draw each side sharing the points.

Though the Bandra Gymkhana were lucky in getting the redoubtable V. M. Merchant pretty cheaply, they once more got their doze of heavy shaking. Phillips for the Bandra Gymkhana won the toss and put in Fort Vijay to bat. Vijay took Bhagwandas with him to open the innings and they went on till the former was caught at deep point by W. T. Fernandes off D. Abree. They then crumpled down and the innings was closed at 166 for 9. Bandra Gymkhana were all out for 25 only and following on scored 52. Tolly Fernandes was the only one to oppose the bowlers even to a small extent. Merchant's 12 wickets in both the innings cost him a little over three apiece.

Two strong teams, the Sunder Cricket Club and the Jolly Cricketers could not arrive at a decision, and the match was drawn giving each side one point.

The following are the results of the matches played:

AT THE BRABOURNE STADIUM

C.C.I. 103 for 1 declared (M. K Mantri 5; K C Ibrahim not out 46) DREW with BROTHERR' CLUB 54 for 5 wickets (Premnarayan 30; K K. Tarapore 5 for 20).

KENNEDY SEA-FACE

GOWD SARASWAT S C. 164 for 4 declared (M. M. Dalvi not out 57, D B Prabhu 41) DREW WITH PARSIEE GYMKHANA 153 for 4 (R N. Bharucha 90, J. A. Dadyseth not out 49).

ISLAM GYMKHANA 177 for 7 declared (E. S. Maka 56, I. U. Khopke Khopeker 40, V B Vijayakar 3 for 26, V V. Kothan 3 for 35) BEAT PRABHU YOUNG CRIKETERS 135 (V. B. Vijayagar 24, A. A. 3 for 31, P J Marka 2 for 14)

P J. HINDU GYMKHANA 131 for 8 declared (M. S. Gurtu 51, E. F. Bhada 2 for 17) DREW WITH PARSEE CYCLISTS 86 for 6 (K M. Dadachanji not 24, G. S. Ranchand 3 for 21).

AT THE CROSS MAIDAN

SUNDER CI CI 136 (Agy Abraham 36 K. M. Bhatia 4 for 29, M. M. Raiji 4 for 30) DREW WITH JOLLY C.C. 85 for 8 (V. N. Raiji 23, M S Kharawa 3 for 10, D G Phadkar 2 for 30 Y B Palvanker 2 for 19).

AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA

BOMBAY GYMKHANA 171 for 5 declared (J W. Anson 62, R. A. A. Smith 60, L V Shah 3 for 55,) BEAT GHATKOPER JOLLY CRICKETERS 55 (Maijpukar 26, Pat Dickinson 6 for 33).

AT THE AZAD MAIDAN

BANDRA GYMKHANA 25 (Vijay Merchant 7 for 13, Bhagwandas 3 for 9) and 52 (T. Fernandes 24, V.M. Merchant 5 for 17, Bhagwandas 5 for 34) LOST TO FORT VIJAY C. C. 166 for 9 declared (Vijay Merchant 35, Bhagwandas 35, W. T. Fernandes 3 for 20 W. Gomes 3 for 55).

BARONET. C. C. 133 for 9 declared (B. R. Irani not out 33, N H Colah 28) R. S. Adhikara 4 for 47) BEAT FRIEND'S UNION C C. 49 (B R. Irani 7 for 18, E. B. GAI 3 for 31) and following on 54 for 8 (P. D. Madan 6 for 23 B. R. Iran 2 for 20).

GAUD UNION S C. 62 (R. M. Parulekar 22 M. E. Bhatri 5 for 7 Reshamwala 4 for 31) and 93 for 4 (Parulekar 35 B S. Mhajan 34) LOST TO BOHRA CRICKETERS 47 (R. M. Parulekar 6 for 46).

YOUNG MAHARASHTRA CRICKETERS 89 (T. S. Naydu 46, Bowdawala 4 for 25, P. Pavri 3 for 14, P. Umrigar 3 for 39) LOST TO.

YOUNG ZORASTRIAN C. C. 161 for 3 declared (F. Peddar 41, P. Umrigar not out 56, M. Irani not out 38 N. Panjri 3 for 33).

Goalless Draw Helps Tatas Win Harwood League

Fishlock Scores 1000 Runs For The Season

LONDON, Sept. 4 (Reuter): Festival cricket in three centres maintained interest today in England's national summer sport while more than a million peoples were watching Football. There was some bright criket at Ccarborough after early shocks when the term which will tour South Africa next winter hit 347 runs against a strong side organised by H.D.G. Leveson Gover, a breezy century by Denis Compton and some sound bowling by Jim Laker featuring the game.

At Hastings, South of England, in between the showers, could be said to have gained the better of the North as they finished only 80 runs behind with eight wickets standing. Two men dominated the play, Charles Barnet making probably his last first class appearance scoring more than half the North's total, while Roland Jenkins of Worcestershire took the last six wickets for only 38 runs.

A feature of another north versus South game at Kingston Surrey was the completion of 2,000 runs this season by Laurie Fishlock and 1000 wickets for the summer by Northhamptonshire's Nuoter who incidentally claimed Flishlocks's wicket when the Surrey man had hit 43.

Close of play cricket scores:

AT SCARBOROUGH: Leveson Gower's Eleven versus M.C.C. South African Touring team:

M.C.C. 347 (Hutton 73, Denis Compton 135, Laker five for 97).

South of England versus the North at Hastings

The North 182 (Barnett 96, Jenkings six for 38).

South of England 102 for two (Robertson 65 not out).

NORTH VERSUS SOUTH AT KINGSTON

South 218 for eight (Mcintyre 82).

LUCKNOW FOOTBALL

LUCKNOW, Sept. 4, (A.P.I.): The E. I. R. Loco Recreation "A" entered the Final of the Six-a-side Kadir Shield Football Tournament this evening eliminating City Club "B" by six goals to three.

MANDON'S SOUND DISPLAY

BOMBAY, Sunday.

TATAS 0
TRADES 0

Maintaining the lead of two points that they had, the Tatas earned the distinction of winning the Harwood League when they shared a goalless draw with the Trades in the final match of the League. This gave the Tatas 24 points as against the 22 of the Trades.

Realising that a win was not of supreme importance the Tatas concentrated on defence and had their goal area massed almost from the very start. Krishnan who started the match at inside-left was rarely if ever seen in action with the front line and acted more a fourth half than as a foreward.

This left the Tatas only four men to attack with. Notwithstanding this shortage they kept up an excellent pressure during the initial stages and all but scored some ten minutes from the start when a grand save by Thingalaya came to the rescue of the Trades. Very able supported by the half line in the matter of defence, the Tata backs found their task easier, though by no means easy.

Shetty and to a greater extent Mandon, came between the Trades forward and their goal so often that it would have been in the nature of a surprise had the Trades registered a goal this evening. Again and again when the Trades forwards appeared to be well set for a score Mandon intercepted their moves and thwarted their plans of attack. In the execution of this preconceived plan of defence first and foremost Mandon received generous support from Shetty, and that which got past both these was decisively dealt with by Thingalaya between the bars.

For the Trades the attacking quintette tried exceedingly hard indeed, but were crowded out of every conceivable position of vantage by their opponents whose sole object was to keep the Trades from scoring.

In the half line Govind as usual tolled hard, but this time quite in vain. Although he sometimes found gaps in the Tata defence, it was quickly closed and Govind derived but meagre advantage from such gaps. His best chance came some five minutes before the end, when he lobbed a free kick twenty yards from the goal and was followed by Thomas, who however, could not keep his control and the ball went out.

The teams:

TATAS:—Thingalaya; Mandon and Shetty; Ananthram, Diago Fernandes and Damodar; Laxman, Almeida, Menezes, Krishnan and Balan.

TRADES—D'Silva; Manuel and Rathnam; Sheena, Perumal and Govind; Bhimrao, Roy, Raymond, Thomas and Peter.

Monday evening at 4-20 p.m. Firestones vs. Combined III Div. (Rover's Cup); 5-35 p.m. Goa vs. South India (Zonal Final).

MRS. LEWIS AND DAVINDER EXTENDED

W. I. Badminton

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The extension of Mrs. Lewis and Davinder Mohan, a new combination of Mrs. Baisekar and Bhargawa was the only even of note this evening when the first round of the mixed doubles event was played in the Western India badminton Tournament at the Bombay Gymkhana Courts. In the first set the winners could do little right largely due t otheir inability to arrive at an understanding. But thereafter in the two succeding games there was little doubt as to be superiority of the pair.

The results:—

MEN'S SINGLES

Lalla beat A. Muzumdar 18-14, 15-1, V. R. Varadkar beat C. R. Sawant 5-15 15-12, 15-6.

MEN'S DOUBLES

M. Paranjpe and Shri Krishna w. o. A. N. Other partner, I. Motoobhoy and P. N. Cambatta beat B. Kroon and S. Wilde 15-11, 15-5, H. K. Mistry and D. H. Sidhwa beat M. R. Shah and Curumse 15-6, 15-7. S. B. Shastilal and B. V. Chandavar beat M. Sattar and H. Mistry 15-10, 15-7, A. V. Ullal and H. K. Talyarkhan beat C. Dias and C. L. DeSoyza 15-1, 15-9; H. Ferreira and B. D. Shroff beat R. D. Desai and M. P. Desai 18-7, 16-18, 15-10.

MIXED DOUBLES

Miss Dukle and Dukle w.o. Mrs. Godambe and Godambe, Mrs. Lewis and Davinder Manan beat Mrs. Baisekar and B.R. Bhargaw 12-15, 15-8, 15-3; Miss T. Vakeel & M. K. Bhopardikar beat Mrs. Shete and Shete 15-2, 15-5; Miss Shirodkar and M. S. Patil beat Miss Canteenwalla and P. N. Cambatta 15-4, 15-5; Miss H. N. Dubash and S. S. Nerurkar beat Miss P. N. Dhongade and D. N. Dhongade 15-7, 15-5; Mrs. Rao and C. B. Kalappa beat Mrs. Athaide and Athaide 15-8, 10-15, 15-4; Miss Phansalkar and A. G. Kalyanpur w. o. Miss Jaykar and Partner; Miss S. Moloobhoy and S. Dinker Rao w. o. P. S. Varde and Partner; Miss Oak and M. G. Mangalvedekar beat Mrs. Baakza and Baakza 18-13, 15-12; Miss Nigudkar and C. P. Shirke w. o. B. R. Agaskar and partner.

LADIES' DOUBLES

Miss M. R. Chinoy and Mrs. Lewis beat Miss P. D. Shroff and Mrs. Gazdar 15-3, 15-2.

GIRL'S SINGLES

Miss M. R. Vimawalla beat Miss R. Mugaseth 11-6, 11-1; Miss N. Taylor beat Miss M. Farias 2-11, 11-2, 11-7 Miss S. H. Vakeel beat Miss R. Joseph 11-1, 11-1.

BOY'S SINGLES

R. D. Vimawalla beat S. V. Vasant 15-8, 15-10; V. Bhat beat D. Sanzgari 15-7 15-4; K. J. Narwekar beat J. S. Mehta 15-11, 15-12; M. L. Apte beat S. D. Dseai 15-4, 15-6.

MONDAY'S PROGRAMME

COURT NO 1:—4-30 p.m. Miss P. D. Shroff vs Mrs. Lewis 4-50 Miss M. R. Chinoy vs Miss P. Dhongrade 5-10 Davinder Mohan vs Laila 5-30 Miss H. N. Dubash and Miss S. Mooloobhoy vs Miss D. Vakeel and Miss S. Vakeel 5-50 D. B. Sidwa and Mrs. Dalal vs R. D. Desai and Miss S. Khorana 6-10 H. Ferreira and Miss B. Farias vs N. M. Desai and Partner 6-30 G. S. Kalyanpur and C. P. Merchant vs Y. L. Masurkar and P. M. Talpade 6-50 G. V. Nadkarni and Mrs. Nadkarni vs Devinder and Mrs Lewis.

COURT

NO 2:— 4-30 Miss V. Oak vs Mrs. K. Shete 4-50 G. F. Fernandes vs M. N. Desai 55-10 H. Ferreira vs V. R. Varadkar 5-30 Miss M. Jayakar and Miss canteenwalla vs Miss B. Farias and Mrs. P. Athaide 5-50 G. Kroon and Partner vs P D. Raut and vs Miss Varde 6-10 V. Y. Vengulenkar vs G. Lewis 6-30 K. K. Sachdeva vs A. R. Kavarana 6-50 M. S. Shirgaokar vs S. S. Nerurkar.

COURT

NO 3:— 4-30 H. A. Mistry vs V. M. Karna 4-50 S. G. Pendurkar vs S. V. Puthli 5-10 P. V. Kulkarni vs B. R. Agaskar 5-30 E. M. Fernandes vs D. N. Dhongade 5-50 R. V. Rege vs S. V. Palwankar 6-10 A. G. Kalyanpurkar vs S. B. Sashital 6-30 C. Dias vs H. N. Udeshi 6-50 V. Karna and S. Alexander vs Lala and M. Ahuja.

C. C. I. Table Tennis

SUDHIR THACKERSEY KNOCKS OSSIE DYER OUT OF SINGLES

Seeded Players Go By The Board On Their First Appearance

To young Sudhir Thakersey, who as a Junior player gave promise last year, goes the honour of sky-rocketing to fame when this evening in the fifth round of the open Men's Singles of the C.C.I. Table Tennis Tournament he defeated the wellknown Bombay player Ossie Dyer—who was seeded straight into the fifth round alongwith the other 15 seeded players.

Standing hardly four feet ten in his socks this "midgutian" in the table tennis circles completely baffled Dyer, and the latter ound it difficult to penetrate his defence this evening, and Thakersey emerged a deserving and popular victor after four games were fought.

Later on in the evening Thakersey came up against a dour defensive player in S. D. Wagh and after losing the initial game settled down his opponent by carefully placed drives which he invariably turned to good account by directing to both the corners and awaiting his chance to get an opportunity of putting one beyond Wagh's reach. This clever type of game —which incidentally was the only thing that Thakersey could play lacking the height for putting more "punch" into his strokes-helped Thakersey to level matters in the second game and ultimately he entered the quarter-finals after fighting five games. The fifth and last game turned out rather a tame affair for Thakersey who ran up a good lead before changing ends and he never even once relaxed his grip on the game thereafter.

He now meets the campion—Chauhaubal P. S. Varde, Ranvir Khatau is rather a pity, as his progress in the tournament will be checked so very early after achieving one of the season's most unexpected victories seen in table teninis.

Dyer was not the only seeded player who lost in his initial essay in the event. Besides him there were four others who were eliminated in the very first round that they played in this tournament. They were P K. Chaulal, P. S. arde, Ranvir Khatau, and C. G. Velkar, who lost to J. S. Patkar S. D. Wagh V. M. Nadkarni and K. N. S. Narayanan respectively

It was definitely surprising to see Vyas who had so very remarkably risen to fame during the St. Xavier's Tournament succumb to N. B. Mistry in three straight games Vyas today found that the excessive chops of Mistry were too much for him and his top-skin attack invariably failed to get the necessary amount of "Life" that was needed to get his strokes on the table, and found that he mishit most of his trokes.

The last eight in the order of the Draw now left in the Men's Singles are:

U. M. Chandarana S. K Thakersey A. H. Khan, M. V. S. Vittal; D H. Kapadia, N. B. Mistry; V. M. Nadkarni, d. M. Khanchand.

The following are the results of the heavy programme that was gone through this morning and also this evening:

MEN'S SINGLES

FIFTH ROUND Y. S. Vyas beat D. P. Sampat, 21-17, 21-11, 21-18; U. M. Chandarana beat B. S. Gunwante 21-7, 21-12, 21-13 J. S. Patkar beat P. K. Chaudai 21-13, 16-21, 21-18, 21-18; B. P. Baliga beat S. G. Wasani 21-11, 21-16, 21-18, S. K. Thackersy beat O.Dyer, 21-17, 21-14, 20-22, 21-18; K. S. Cooper beat V. D. Kalver 21-10 21-12 21-17; R. S. Davei beat V. V. Prabhu 14-21, 21-15 19-21, 21-9, 23-21; A. H. Khan beat B. A Laijee 18-21, 21-18, 21-18, 21-10, S. D. Wagh beat P. S. Varde 21-10, 21-18, 21-11; D H. Kapadia beat K. B. Nagarkatti, 21-13, 21-11, 21-12; M. V. S. Vittal beat D. N. Bhatkal 21-12, 21-14, 21-14; N. B. Mistry beat B. Poncha, 14-21, 21-9 21-9, 21-9 21-5 21-13; S. N. Motiwala beat A. R. Pradhan 21-12 21-15 21-10; V. M. Nadkarni beat R. Khatau, 21-8, 21-13, 21-15; K. N. S. Narayan beat C. G. Velkar 21-14, 21-12 21-14; H. M. Khanchand beat A. Munjee 21-13, 21-10 21-13.

SIXTH ROUND: U. M. Chandarana beat R. S. Davar, 21-10, 21-15, 21-19; A. M. Khan beat B. P. Baliga, 21-19, 21-16, 21-9; D. H. Kapadia beat J. S. Patkar 21-7, 21-19, 21-18; S. K. Thackerscy beat S. D. Wagh 16-21, 21-16, 15-21, 21-10, 21-11; M. V. S. Vittal beat K. S. Cooper 21-11, 21-11 21-5; N. B. Mistry beat Y. S. Vyas, 21-13, 21-15, 21-16; H. M. Khanchand beat K. N. S. Narayan 21-13, 21-17, 21-15; V. M. Nadkarni beat S. N. Motiwala 21-17, 21-18, 12-21, 20-22, 21-11.

WOMEN'S SINGLES

THIRD ROUND: Miss E. Bocarro beat Miss P. K. Irani, 21-12, 21-8, 21-8; Mrs. M. Gajendrasinh beat Miss R. Amladi 21-17 23-21, 21-18; Mrs. G. Nasikwalla beat Miss S. Dharap 21-7 21-15, 21-9; J. Walavalkar beat Mrs. M. Bharucha 25-27, 21-13, 21-14, 21-14.

JUNIOR'S SINGLES

THIRD ROUND:— J. M. Joshi beat S. S. Parekh, 21-16, 18-21, 21-12; I. R. Joosab beat S. L. Bajaj, 21-16, 21-17; M. L. Lulla beat Suresh Kundaji, 21-13 21-5; S. K. Thackersey beat N. M. Jinadra 21-7 21-14; N. L. Rajaj beat M. Dossa, 21-9, 21-17; Z. Mohemedi beat R. V. Mehta 21-16, 21-19; N. N. Mulia beat F. Dossa, 21-12, 21-17; Habib Issa W. O. S. Lane.

TODAY'S MATCHES

9100 a.m. Women's Doubles second and third round 9-30 a.m. third and fourth rounds of Men's Doubles.

4-00 p.m. Quarter-finals of juniors' Singles 4-30 p.m. Semi-finals of Women's Singles 5-00 p.m. Quarter finals of Men's Singles 5-30 p.m. Quarter- finals of Men's Doubles 6-30 p.m. Third and fourth rounds of CCI plate.

KARNATAK LEAGUE

Two matches of the Karnatak League conducted by the Karnatak Sporting Association were played at Oval maidan on Saturday and following are the results:

Vande Mataram 3 goals, Kanatak S.C. 1 goal.

Satya Vijaya 4 goals, K. P. CA. 1 goal

Three matches were played of Ashok Cup also conducted by the Karnatak Sporting Association for the first time to the schools of Karnatak in Bombay City at Oval on Sunday and following are the results:

Karnatak School "C" 1 goal, Mogaveera School "D" 0.

Mogavera School "B" 1 goal, Bombay Fort School "B" 0.

Karnatak School "B" 2 goals, Mother India School "B" 1 goal.

BENGAL T. T. PLAYERS FOR S. INDIA

CALCUTTA, Sept. 5, (A.P.I.): The invitation extended to the Bengal Table Tennis Association by the South Indian Table Tennis Association to take part in their tournament this month was accepted at a meeting of the Executive Council of the B.T.T.A. Kumar Ghosh and Samir Chatterjee will constitute the Bengal Team.

FOOTBALL IN ALLAHABAD

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 4, (A.P.I.): The Albert Sporting Club Calcutta defeated Horrocks Club, Allahabad by three goals to nil in the Allahabad Patu Majumdar Memorial Football Tournament today.

The winners will meet the George Town Association Allahabad tomorrow in the quarter-final.

HASSETT ENDS SEASON WITH BLAZE OF GLORY

Glamorgan's Rise To The Top, The Only Redeeming Feature Of English Cricket

LONDON, Sept. 5 (Reuter).—Apart from any function which the County authorities may stage for the players, Glamorgan have been hailed as County Cricket Champion for 1948 and their rise from ninth position to first since last season has definitely featured a year's cricket in which English play generally, at least against the Australian Tourists, has taken such a hiding.

In the space of 10 years Glamorgan have changed from a bankrupt club, as they virtually were prior to the 1939 season, to a prosperous team with a five figure bank balance. Tributes have rightly been paid to John Clay, Wilfred Wooller and the present team.

It is also pleasing to note that the man to whom Glamorgan owe most for their climb has not been forgotten in the Paris that has been bestowed. He is no longer with them for Maurice Turnbull was killed by a sniper's bullet soon after the landing by British troops in Normandy. He had held the joint positions of Captain and Secretary and when things were going very badly for the County he organised every kind of entertainment in order to raise funds.

When things were at their blackest Turnbull's optimism was greatest and while he did not live to see the fulfilment of all his dreams he knew when the war put a temporary halt to County cricket that Glamorgan were no longer "that team from Wales" who provided easy victories for most of the English Counties but a respected side with great promise. That promise has been fulfilled under the present regime and all English Counties now raise their caps in respect to the "foreigners".

Looking at the final championship table the question asked is which counties have faltered to give Glamorgan their elevated place? The answer must be several, for only seven counties among the 17 in the Championship show an improved position compared with last season.

Next to Glamorgan the best achievement perhaps is Warwickshire's, for they also rose eight places, finishing seventh compared with 15th a year ago. Hampshire also rose seven, Surrey and Yorkshire each climbed four places, Leicestershire three and Somerset one. The rest all finished lower with Kent sustaining the greatest decline.

Kent cricket, despite the displays of such men as Arthur Fagg and Leslie Ames, is temporarily under a shadow for compared with their fourth place last season they are now 15th.

Gloucestershire, runners-up 12 months ago have dropped six places as did Susex while the other sides not named slipped from between one and three.

Surrey's rise to the honour of being runners-up coupled with their performances since county cricket was resumed indicate that they may well be challenging for top place next year. In 1945 they finished 12th; last year sixth; this year second. So what of 1949?

It recalss the years between 1887 and 1895 when Surrey, eight times in nine seasons, finished top. The last time they filled the position was 34 years ago, so a championship is long overdue and there are those connected with the famous Kennington Oval who will do their utmost to see that the 1946-47-48 progress is maintained into 1949.

Lindsay Hassett, the Australian Cricket Tourist's Vice-Captain, is finishing the visit in a blaze of glory. His last three scores have been 200 (not out), 103 and 151.

When in England in 1938 Hassett started the tour with three successive centuries, but failed to maintain anything like that same high standard. This time he began moderately, getting only 100 in his first 10 innings.

Hassett has also changed his style this tour. Last time he was a gloriously free strike player, always looking for runs. Perhaps the extra cares of Vice-Captain and the additional 10 years on his age have been the reasons for his more subdued style on this trip. He is still neat and tidy in all he does, but seems reluctant to let himself go as of old.

Hassett himself puts it down to experience. "In a cricketer's young days the ball is there is to be hit", he says. "The more one learns about the game, the more one imagines that cunning lies behind every delivery. It is a case of becoming too clever for yourself."

PAREL SOCCER

The following are the results of the matches played at Parel today.

INDIAN LEAGUE DIV 1

BEST 3 Nanay 2: Gomes 1) Indian Gymkhana 2 (Rajaram and Vanketiswar)

INDIAN LEAGUE DIV. II

Matunga Athletic 2 (Krishna 2), Bhimraj SC I (Mungoker).

The matches due to be played at the GIP Railway ground were not played as the referees failed to turn up.

TODAY'S MATCHES

ST. XAVIER'S GROUND, PAREL

3-30 p.m. Wimco SC Vs. BK Samaj
4-30 pm. YMCA Vs. RIN
5-30 p.m. Parel Students Vs. GIP "C" **(Musry Cup Final)**

M. BOUSSAC'S COLT OUT OF ST. LEGER

LONDON, Sept. 5, (Reuter): Marcel Boussac's French colt "Timur Second" will not run in the Doncaster St. Leger, Jockey Charlie Elliot stated today. Elliott, who was to have ridden "Timur" went across to France to ride him in a gallop on Saturday but found he had broken down.

Elliott is now without a mount in the St. Leger.

An earlier statement by Timur's trainer in France, M. Semblatt, said the horse had suffered a setback in training and a decision about running in the Leger would be made tomorrow.

American Amateur Golf Championship

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE, Sept. 4, (Reuter): Willie Turneesa, of New York, today won for the second time the American Amateur Golf Championship when he beat Ray Billows also of New York, two and one over thirty-six holes.

Turnesa had previously won this title in 1938.

Billows, who was one down at the end of eighteen holes today made his third appearance in this final having lost in the last stage to Johnny Goodman in 1937 and to Marvin Ward in 1939.

The last sixteen holes were played in rain. Turnesa was two up after the twenty-seventh hole and then saw Billows go ahead with a par, eagle and par in the next three holes. He achieved the eagle with a ten foot putt.

Turnesa took the three with two pars and birdie and then played the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth in steady pars for halves to clinch his victory.

EFFORTS TO GET "BROWN BOMBER" TO FIGHT AGAIN LIKELY TO FAIL

Woodcock's Manager Confident Of Victory Over Lee Oma

LONDON, Sept. 5, (Reuter): Efforts to tempt and coax Joe Louis to defend his World Heavyweight Title again are not likely to meet with much success. After beating Jersey Joe Walcott last June, Louis stated "this is my last fight—I have retired".

And now commenting on the "feeler" put out by promoter Jack Solomons with a view to matching Louis with Bruce Woodcock in London. Marshall Miles, Joe's Manager, declares "Louis will not defend his title again. If Louis, by any remote chance, ever decided to fight again it would be in the United States where he won the title and defended it so many times".

Solomon's idea was to give Woodcock, just about to start out on a "comeback" campaign, the chance of winning the World Championship if he made good. He is prepared to offer Louis about £35,000 to defend his crown in London. It seems to be a question of whether Louis, who is reputed to have earned about £700,000 during his career, wants to make more money or have the honour of retiring undefeated World Champion, as did Gene Tunney.

Despite frequent press reports of one more fight, Louis himself seems adamant in his intention not to fight again. His last words were "I can call myself champion for six months without fighting—after that you can count me out".

Tom Hurst, Woodcock's Manager, is enthusiastically in favour of the plan to bring Louis to London. "Woodcock deserves a break" said Hurst who added that the British Champion was in fine fettle and confident of beating the American, Lee Oma, at Harringay Arena on September 21.

But Woodcock is faced with a hard task. Although fit and well, he has had nearly 17 months lay-off since having his jaw broken by Joe Baksi.

He will gradually work himself up to the championship distance of 15 rounds. How busy he will be depends on when the British Boxing Board of Control order him to defend his British Title.

America Wins First Two Singles In Davis Cup

FOREST HILLS, (New York, Sept. 4 (Reuter): America drew first blood in the Davis Cup Challenge Round here today when they began their defence of the trophy against Australia. In the first singles Frankie Parker beat Bill Sidwell 6-4; 6-4 6-4 to put America one up.

Ted Schroeder United States, and Adrian Quist, Australia, then contested the second single while the doubles will be played tomorrow with the reverse singles taking place on Monday.

Ted Schroeder (America) beat Adrian Quist (Australia) 6-3, 4-6, 6-0, 6-0 in the second single for the United States to lead by two matches to nil. This second singles promised in exciting battle until Schroeder donning spikes after the second set, swept through the next two for the loss of only 23 points while winning the 12 successive games. His passing shots and smashing services completely bewildered Quist who surrendered the fourth and final set in ten minutes.

PAKISTAN HOCKEY TEAMS SUCCESSS IN GENEVA

GENEVA, Sept. 4, (Reuter): Pakistan Hockey Team today beat a Geneva Selection by seven goals to nil after leading by three goals at half-time. Tomorrow the Pakistan team are playing at Lausanne.

THE MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION
BOMBAY

FAIR PRICE CLOTH SHOPS SCHEME

The Fair Price Cloth Shops of the Association will begin to function with fresh stocks and reduced prices at a very early date. Consumers will please contact the Association's shops in their respective localities and ascertain when sales would commence.

N. S. V. AIYER,
Secretary.

Dated 2nd September, 1948

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RUSTOM SHEHRIAR IRANI was convicted for selling bread without coupons and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 1,000 or 8 months' rigorous imprisonment.

VELJI SOJPAL was convicted for attempting to remove from the City of Bombay gram flour without permit and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 500 or 5 months' rigorous imprisonment in default.

DHIRAJLAL GAMBHIRDAS was convicted for possessing cloth without marking and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 1,000 or 4 months' simple imprisonment.

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Tobacco Titbits
NUMBER 1

In 1492 when Columbus sent his crew to explore Cuba, they saw the natives perfuming themselves with tobacco. On his second voyage, Columbus observed the habit of snuff-taking among the aborigines. The practice of tobacco-chewing on the South American coast was, however, first seen by the Spaniards in 1502.

Knowledge and use of tobacco has spread from America, first to Europe and then to England and other parts of the world. About the year 1508, the Portuguese brought this 'relative of Tomato and Potato' to our country and ever since it has *thrived on Indian soil*. Bombay, Bengal, Bihar and Madras are the chief tobacco-growing provinces in India

From time immemorial, the natives in America have revered and worshipped tobacco as a gift from the Great Spirit. On ceremonial occasions, tobacco would be thrown into the sacrificial fires. In times of drought, powdered tobacco would be cast on the wind. When there was no fish in the bay, the natives would scatter shredded tobacco there.

The loose cotton soil and the moist climate of Guntur, Kistna, East and West Godavari Districts in South India are best suited for the cultivation of tobaccos. These four districts alone yield about 95 per cent of India's cigarette tobacco. The total area under tobacco in these districts has been officially estimated at 3,28,185 acres for the year 1945.

A copy of 'Tobacco Titbits' can be had free on request. Write today for your free copy of the attractive folder.

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Bombay Leaguers Shed Politics

DECISION OF WORKING COMMITTEE OF PROVINCIAL BODY

Members Free To Join Congress?

BOMBAY, Sunday

By a stroke of the pen, the Bombay Provincial Muslim League decided today that the League was no more a political organisation "fighting for the rights and safeguarding the interests of an important community like Muslims" in the Province of Bombay.

The Working Committee of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League, which met at Shaharu Castle this afternoon, under the presidentship of Mr A A Khan, who was formerly the leader of the Muslim League Party in the Bombay Legislative Assembly and is now the leader of the Fourth Party and leader of Opposition in the Bombay Assembly, adopted a resolution devesting the League and all its affiliated bodies including the Provincial Parliamentary Board of all political activities. The resolution did not, however, make it clear whether the League in this Province would continue as a cultural and social organisation of Muslims.

According to the resolution, the Working Committee took this important decision in order to "remove all doubts regarding the intepretation of Madras resolution of the Indian Union Muslim League Council on March 10"

Mr A A Khan presided over the Working Committee meeting in absence of Mr Hassanalli P. Ibrahim, the President of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League, who is at present in Karachi.

LEAGUERS TO JOIN CONGRESS

Since the Muslim League Party in the Bombay Assembly has already been dissolved, the immediate result of today's resolution would be the dissolution of the Muslim League Party in the Bombay Municipal Corporation, according to a spokesman of the Provincial Muslim League.

The spokesman added that Muslim Leaguers were now free to join any political party, although the resolution had not recommended any such course to the members of the Provincial League. But he said, the majority favour joining the Congress.

The following is the text of the resolution:

"Whereas it is the opinion of the Working Committee of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League that the resolution of the Indian Union Muslim League Council held at Madras on March 10th has clearly divested the Muslim League organisation in the country of all political activities, and whereas the Bombay Provincial Muslim League has ceased to take any part in politics since then, and whereas doubts have been expressed in certain quarters about this interpretation of the Madras resolution, with a view, therefore, to remove these doubts, the meeting of the Working Committee of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League hereby resolves that the Bombay Provincial Muslim League and all its affiliated bodies in the Province, including the Provincial Parliamentary Board stand divested of all political activities".

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CAPITOL
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Booking 9-30 to 12-30 & 2-30 to 5-30
TAJ TALKIES
Grant Road
Daily 4, 7 & 10
BROADWAY
Daily 4, 6-45 & 9-30
NO MAT. TO-MORROW
JAISINH RELEASE

ANTI-REPRESSION DAY

A.I.T.U.C. President's Call for Observance On September 25

CALCUTTA, Sept 5 (API): Mr. K N. Joglekar acting president of the All-India Trade Union Congress and Forward Bloc leader, warned the Government yesterday that if it continued what he called the "wholesale campaign of repression against people, denying all vestige of civil liberty", it would have to face not only an economic crisis but a major political crisis.

At a Press Conference, the Trade Union leader accused the Government of toeing the line of Anglo-American policy and insisted that industries must be nationalised and strict control be enforced over production and distribution He said that Government should advocate a bold policy of fixing prices and profit and giving a guarantee that there would be no worsening of the condition of the masses. He regretted that Government instead of relying on the people, were leaning on the support of the capitalists, thereby landing itself in a vortex of financial crisis.

Mr Joglekar said that Pt. Nehru must be aware that the stability of the country was based on a Socialist-planned economy with immediate nationalisation of all industries and ending of regime of the Zemindars and the vested interests. Only this, he said, could save the country from the catastrophe and lead the people to peace and prosperity.

As a protest against the "present policy of the Government, Mr. Joglekar declared that the Council of the AITUC had declared to observe September 25 as "Anti-repression Day."

Special Train Carries Muslim Refugees

LAHORE, Sept. 5 (API): A special train carrying 1,620 Muslim refugees from Patiala, Ambala, Karnal, Julundur, etc., arrived at the Walton Camp on September 3, 1948, says a Press Note.

B. N. GOPAL RAO'S TRANSACTIONS

Mysore Ruler Institutes Special Enquiry Committee

BANGALORE, Sept. 5 (API): His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore has promulgated an Act called the Special Enquiry Committee Act, 1948," to inquire into certain aspects of financial transactions of Mr B N. Gopal Rao, whose financial crash in December, 1946, created a sensation in the state. The act closely follows the provisions of emergency acts under which the enquiry committee is constituted and invested with powers. The Committee has not yet concluded its labours and the previous Emergency Act is about to expire.

MATTHAI'S TERMS TO GOVERNMENT

For Acceptance Of Finance Minister's Post

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Sept. 5.

The Economists have returned to New Delhi and are holding conference since Friday afternoon. They have been summoned by Government to elucidate some of their recommendations. Government Departments, it appears, have raised certain doubts in regard to the workability of some of their recommendations. Government I may add, are not yet ready with their plans.

Lobbies would like Government to appoint a Finance Minister forthwith. For it will be he who would have to give effect to these decisions.

MATTHAI'S TERMS

As already reported Dr. John Matthai's name for appointment to the Finance Portfolio still holds the field. Dr Matthai, according to these sources, demanded acceptance of certain conditions prior to his acceptance of the post. Reinforcement of financial rules, agreement to implement economy and postponement of unproductive plan are believed to be some of these conditions, acceptance of which was demanded by Dr. Matthai.

Advisory Council For Andamans

Government have decided to set up an Advisory Council for Andamans. Similar Advisory Councils were set up by Sardar Patel soon after he took office in Delhi and Ajmere. These Councils are purely advisory in character and are designed to provide liaison between the Chief Commissioner and the people of the Province or Island.

Keskar And Diwakar Take Off For Rome

BOMBAY, Sept. 5 (API): Mr. B V. Keskar and Mr. R. R. Diwakar, members of the Constituent Assembly and observers to the 37th session of the Inter-Parliamentary Union to be held in Rome next week left Bombay tonight by a TWA plane for attending the conference.

"BRITAIN'S AIR DEFENCES ARE SOUND"

Senior Officers' Conclusion At Interim Stage Of Aerial Exercises

LONDON, Sept. 4 (Reuter): Britain's air defences are sound.

Such was the conclusion reached tonight by senior officers at an interim stage of the biggest aerial exercise to be held by the Royal Air Force since the war ended.

Four factors have been particularly noted.

(1) The quickness with which fast moving "enemy" bombers have been picked up and plotted by "radar" and the speed of such report is being passed to headquarters.

(2) The alert manner in which jet-fighter squads have got off the mark and the accurate way they have been guided by ground-controllers to the raiders.

(3) The fully effective way in which the short, but powerful, life of jet-engines has been used.

(4) The personal skill of the pilots in intercepting and combating "enemy" bombers.

Time and again, reports reached Fighter's Command Headquarters that raiding bombers had been prevented from crossing the English coast and that a large proportion of the "enemy" was claimed "killed".

When the mock war was resumed during the afternoon between attacking "Southland" and defending "Northland", "enemy" planes made raids from the Dutch and French coasts. But feinting tactics did not catch the defenders napping. Interception was reported.

NEW ANTI-AIRCRAFT METHODS

A Royal Air Force spokesman stated officially that the Anti-Aircraft Command were testing a new method for a system of early warnings of approaching raiders and new methods of engaging targets.

"The new methods are proving successful" he said.

Travelling in his own "Dakota", Marshal of the Royal Air Force, Lord Tedder, Chief of the Air Staff, was kept up practically a-round-the-clock tour of stations taking part in the exercise.

Two Casualties In Britain's Mock Air War

LONDON, Sept. 5 (Reuter): Britain's mock air war, in which British and American forces are taking part claimed two victims. Sergeant Walter Doyle-Roquet, one of eleven Americans, who baled out of their crippled "Super Fortress" died in hospital at Flushing, Holland, and the pilot of a British "Spitfire" was killed when his plane crashed near Durham on his way to join the exercise.

Catholic Weekly Editor Released

WARSAW, Sept. 5 (Reuter): An official Communique announced the release of M. Zygmunt Kaczynski, associate editor of the Catholic weekly "Tygodnik Warszawski', and some other members of the newspaper's staff who were arrested by Polish Security Police last Tuesday and charged with anti-State activities.

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82 YEAR'S LEADERSHIP IN LUBRICATION!

RISE IN WHOLE-SALE PRICES

Economic Adviser's General Index For July

NEW DELHI, Sept. 5 (API): Wholesale prices as measured by the Economic Adviser's general index (base: year ending August 1939—100) showed a further rise of 2.1 per cent to 390.1 during the month of July 1948. The indices for "food articles" semi-manufactures and the "miscellanous" groups increased by 4.0, 4.6 and 3.3 per cent to 392.1,338.2 and 537.3 respectively, and the index number for 'industrial raw materials "declined slightly by 0.2 per cent to 449.99 'manufactured articles' remained stationary at 370.2.

CEREALS

The index number for "cereals" increased by 6.6 per cent to 477.7 owing mainly to higher prices of wheat and rice (at Bezwada). Both gram and dal arhar moved up further and cosequently (consequently the index for 'pulses' showed a rise of 4.5 per cent to 44.3. Other articles namely tea, coffee, sugar, gur and salt did not show any appreciable change during the month. 'Bress' registered a decline of 2.5 p.c. to 6.464.1 owing chiefly to raw cotton Silk and Wool, however, showed a rising tendency. Among 'oilseeds', rapeseed" and copra Exhibited rathe sharpt rises and the index for the sub-group increased, from 5.2.0 in July by 3.8 per cent a slight increase in manganese prices brought about a rise of 0.2 p.c. in the index for 'minerals'. The sub-group 'others' showed a decline of only 22.2 per cent as the steep fall in skins raw was to a great extent counter-balanced by upward trends registered by hides.

Buffalo hides and goat skins recorded higher levels while sheep skins witnessed a fall during the month. As a result of this the index for 'leather' showed a rise of 0.3 per cent. Only 'mineral oils' as well as 'vegetable oils' also moved up by 0.4 and 1.7 per cent respectively owing to a general upward trend in these oils. The index for 'cotton yarn' again recorded a sharp increase from 467.1 in June to 519.4 in July—a rise of 11.2.

RISE IN ZINC

A small rise in zinc was more than countracted by brass and copper, consequently the group index for 'metals' showed a fall of 0.1 per cent. the continued rise in groundnut cake was responsible for an upward movement by 1.4 per cent in the 'oil cake' group. Timber on the other hand brought about an increase of 7.4 per cent in the sub-group 'others'.

"Textile products registered a slight fall of 0.3 per cent to 455.8 owing to cotton manufactures, the index for which declined from an average of 246 in June to 420 in July 1948.

'Metal products' did not show any change while the sub-group consisting of other manufactured articles increase by 1.2 per cent due mostly to higher prices of footwear. The 'miscellaneous group' showed a rise of 3.3 per cent to 537.3 during the month under review owing to spices and condiments and tobacco leaf as in the last month.

SURPLUS MONEY MUST BE TAKEN AWAY

Economic Adviser's Suggestions

The following is the summary of views by Dr. R. J. Thomas, Economic Adviser to the Ministry of Finance:-

The main causes of the present inflation are:—

The large expansion of purchasing power among the lower income groups, and deficit budgetting by the Central and Provincial Governments.

(a) —above has been brought about by labour demands for higher wages and increased allowances, by the awards of arbitration courts and the implementation of the Pay Commission report and by the higher price obtained for agricultural produce.

(b) Expenses particularly to the Central Government and has been caused particularly by defence expenditure.

For balancing the budget, retrenchment must be carried out, fearlessly and an additional taxation raised.

To combat inflation, surplus money must be taken away temporarily from all classes. This must be accompanied by supplying the lower income groups with their essential needs at controlled prices.

TWO-PRONGED ATTACK

A two-pronged attack is, therefore, necessary on the sides of—(i) money (ii) goods.

On the Goods side, the following measures should be initiated.

Freeze all wages and salaries;

Intensify the small savings movements by (a) issue of non-negotiable bonds at slightly higher rates of interest; (b) undertake to provide tangible objects like a house, or power-loom at the end of the stated period, (c) insurance facilities for providing dowries for daughers etc., (d) all houses and existing dearness allowances to be given in the form of bonds

Raise a compulsory loan on a graduated scale on incomes over Rs. 3,000.

Levy a graduated surcharge on land revenue above Rs. 250.

All capital expenditure to be slowed down except in cases of schemes like multi-purpose dams, Sindri Fertiliser project etc.

Welfare schemes, such as prohibition, to be slowed down.

On the Godds side, the following measures should be initiated:—

The rationing of all essential consumption goods through fair price shops;

Liberalisation of imports policy;

Prohibition by law of speculation in essential commodities,

Intensification of the production drive.

EFFECTIVE MACHINERY

THE MACHINERY FOR THE EFFECTIVE EXECUTION OF ECONOMIC POLICY.

Economic Policy Committee of the Cabinet should be revived.

A Committee of 10 or 12 economists should function as a permanent body.

A well-staffed Economic Divisjon in the Finance Ministry under the Economic Adviser should be set up.

A Centraj Statistical Office should be organised and attached to the Cabinet Secretariat.

An annual Economic Survey should also be prepared.

A financial memorandum should also be prepared.

A super-Ministry, with powers over the various other Ministries concerned with different aspects of economic policy, may be a hinderance rather than a help.

STOP THAT
NIGHTMARE
COUGH NOW

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COTTON DISEASES IN INDIA

NEW DELHI, Sept. 5.—The various diseases which affect the cotton crop in India and the methods of controlling these diseases are described in the publication "Diseases of Cotton in India" just published by the Indian Central Cotton Committee.

Of these diseases, wilt and root rot are considered major affections. The losses caused by wilt range from 40 to 60 per cent in different parts of the country and those from root rot vary from about 3 to 5 per cent. These diseases are soil borne and difficult to exterminate once the soil becomes infected. The production of resistant varieties, is, therefore, the main remedy. This type of control method has been fully developed in relation to wilt, and highly resistant strains have been produced for different cotton regions, for instance, Jayawant for Karnatak, Jarila for Khandesh, B. D. 8 and Vijaya for Broach and Verum 262 and 434 for C. P. and Berar.

These varieties are now grown every year over an area of about 2.7 million acres and it is estimated that their growers earn an additional income of Rs. 72 to 75 lakhs per annum, in comparison with what they would have earned if they had grown the susceptible types.

As regards root rot, no resistant variety has been discovered so far. However, it has been found that the losses caused by this disease can be reduced to some extent by either resorting to early or late sowing of the cotton crop, or by inter-cropping cotton with either "jowar" (Sorghum) or "math" (Kidney bean).

Indian Cotton Figures

The total arrivals into and exports of cotton from Bombay issued by the East India Cotton Association are as under:

ARRIVALS

	Bales
Bengals	337
Comras	1206
Dholleras	521
Broach	
Southrns	461
Saudan	10522
Egyptians	579
East African	130
Americans	2458
Total	16314

Total arrivals from 1st September 1947 to 31st August:

	Total
1947-48	22,59,737
1946-47	19,90,666
1945-46	25,32,024
1944-45	20,67,585
1943-44	18,84,994

EXPORTS

Exports for the week-ending 31st August:—

Continent	903
China	
U.S.A.	500
Others	370
Coast Ports	8414
U.K.	400
Total	10587

Exports from 1st September to 31st August:—

	Totals
1947-48	10,98,539
1946-47	5,01,614
1945-46	5,37,203
1944-45	1,67,690
1943-44	1,89,723

Exports by Rail from 1st September to 31st August 3,49,243 bales.

Estimated mill consumption in Bombay from 1st September to 31st August 12,03,843.

Same period last year 91,27,438.

Estimated Slock of Raw Cotton in all hands on August 31st 8,86,780.

Same time last year 12,19,714.

Hapur Market Steady

Reports Of Extensive Damage To Crops

HAPUR, Sept. 2.

FOODGRAINS: Markets have remained steady. Troubled situation in Burma resulting in the stoppage of all imports of rice from that country and the extensive damage done to the standing crops in Pakistan and in India have created anxiety about the future supplies. Reduction in the grain allocations by the Central Government for deficit areas is foreshadowed.

This would encourage hoardings all the more usually the prospects of good kharif crop were the signal for the peasants to clear of their rabi surpluses, which is non-existent today. All talks of Government taking strong anti-inflationary measures, a very spectacular fall in cotton prices and the opening of relief quota shops by different provincial Governments have left peasants cold.

Outside India U. S. A. is expecting bumper wheat crop and so is Canada. The overall production of foodgrains in the U.S.A. is a record for many years. World wheat exports during the year 1947-48 totalled 113,469,000 qrs., U. S. A. contributing 51 per cent Canada 32 per cent Australia 12.5 per cent and Argentina 10.8 per cent of the total. Forecasts for world wheat and flour exports for the year 1948-49 are put at 106,500,000 qrs. The key to the 1948-49 trade in wheat writes Corn Trade News of Liverpool in its latest issue, outside the privilized business, will be the willingness of importing countries to ease the regulations governing the milling and consumption of wheat, or to create a reserve supply. There is a substantial latent demand which cannot be tapped at high prices and it remains to be seen whether the machinery of bulk trade can produce the necessary flexibility to revive it.

GUR: The ready section remained steady. Dry gur continues to be in good demand as transport of "the wet gur is still very difficult. Gujarat and Rajputana taking major supplies Calcutta traders took restricted interest. Local stock is put at 50,000 mds. At Hapur dry gur is quoted at 14/- per maund. The rate at Meerat and Muzaffarnagar is slightly higher at 16/- per maund due to better quality.

ERRATIC MOVEMENTS

In the futures section movements were erratic but eventually prices closed higher in contrast to last week end. On Thursday last fagan had closed at 9|8|4. There was slight recovery to 9-10-9 on Saturday. On Monday movements were double sided. Opened at 9-11-3 touched 9-11-0, fell to 9-8-4 and finally closed at 9-10-3 touched 9-11-9, fell to 9|8|4 and finally closed at 9|-|10|3. Movement for the next two days were small but yesterday the market rallied good suppert to 9|13|11. The standing crop is progressing satisfactorily. Insect reports have been received from Basti and one or two other districts. There was good speculative turn over. Oilseeds: The markets remained quiet to steady. Sarson quotations in almost all important markets in the U.P. range between 24/- to 26/-. Mustarsoil is quoted at 66/- to 68/- per maund and the oilcake at 7|12 to 8|- per maund. There is little business turn over. Stockists are sitting quiet. Bardana. The market moved erraticaly. There was a very steady undertone in the first instance due to bulls being able to squeeze the bears local stocks are extremely poor and the asuj delivery is drawing near. The anti inflationary remours encouraged bulls liquidations but there was again very good support at lower levels. The earlier loss was fully recovered. Presently the market is holding fast. Asuj is quoted at 105|- and Oct 115||

BULLION: The market remained very erratic. The week opened with an overwhelmingly bearish undertone. Operators were apprehensive of some drastic step being taken by the Central Government to kill the inflation and there were various remours. This coupled with a heavy fall in cotton and shares prices induced heavy liquidations in silver and gold. But as the week progressed operators nervousness took the opposite form and there were good purchases for hoarding. There was a rise of Rs. 5/- in the price of gold n Bombay on one day. All upcountry markets were awayed by this bullish wave. But this enthusiasm was shortly. The nervousness having calmed down prices declined partially. On Thursday last silver had closed here at 160|5. There was no business on Friday due to Janamashtami. On Saturday the market opened at 158|14. Saturday the market opened at 158|14, touched 160|8. On Monday the market moved between 159|12 and 160|14 closing at 160|6. It opened higher on Tuesday at 161|4, shot up to 163|15 but later closed at 163|-. Yesterday lowest was touched at 161|9. It closed at 162|-. In the gold section there was rise from 111|- to 113|6 in the first instance and a fall from the top level touched to 112|- presently quoted in the second instance.

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS

The following is the statement of the position of schedule banks as at the close of business on the 27th August:—

Demand Liabilities in India: (i) Borrowings from banks Rs. 18,65,14,000, (ii) Other demand liabilities Rs 674,95,53,000.

Time Liabilities in India: (i) Borrowings from banks Rs. 54,71,000, (ii) Other time liabilities Rs. 312,14,47,000.

Cash in India: (i) Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes Rs. 34,43,84,000, (ii) Rupee Coin Rs. 2,29,74,000, (iii) Subsidiary Coin Rs. 75,84,000.

Balances with Reserve Bank Rs. 92,85,52,000.

Advances in India Rs. 294,36,05,000

Bills discounted in India Rs. 14,69,-44,000.

Shipping News

IMPORTS

S. S. CITY OF SWANSEA

From Filadelphia:—

202 boxes radio transmitting apparateus, 180 bdls lower and lighting equipment 45 ctns metal lathes.

From New York:—

26 bales second hand clothing 156 twpe writers 50 drums peroleum 555 lubricating grease 500 drums while pearoleum oil 1775 drums lubricating oil 56 cases zinc sheets 1528 ctns auto parts 64 cases trucks 715 cases battery parts 157 cases glass jars 101 cases synthetic and take resins 500 ctns caustic soda 52 cases steeel files 280 drums lquid asphaltum 32 bdls ants replacement parts 85 bdls automobile 19 ctns paraffin wax 300 drums petroleum white oil 122 spirits linklate waste 43 cases accessaries 56 ctns lamp black 42 crats agriculturl implements 34 boxes vopper tubing 31 boxes refrigeration opper tubing 3899 bags soda ash 213 lens aluminium sheet circles 1273 drums cenetic soda 100 bags ground cassia 50 carboys glacial acctic acid

From Port Sudan:—

500 cases black rasins

S. S. FATIMA

To Karachi:—

7000 bags uncrushed salt.

S. S. EXAMINER

From New York:—

38 bdls paint pigment 26 cases printed advertising matter 49 cases pharamaceutical 746 drums causti soda 77 drums coaltar dyes 191 cases rypthetic risen sheets, 52 drums caustic soda flakes, 507 ctns electric lightings fixture, 25 cases inecetide, 28 boxes tractor parts 167 cases agricultural power pumps and parts, 42 uncroted tracks, 1220 cases auto parts, 180 cylinder synthetic reems, 44 drums hydro genuine, 50 boxes printing press machinery, 160 fd. area roap, 60 bags calcium corporate.

From Philadelphia:— 300 drums lubricating oil, 139 boxes machine parts.

From Boston:—71 drums accetic acid.

From Norfolk:—71 drums caustic soda, 1550 boses tinplate, 400 bags soda ash, 900 ctns blue large glass phails.

From Alexandria:—688 bales cotton.

From Port Sudan:—1000 bags gum arabic, 220 bales sackle cotton.

From Aden:—262 bdls copper brass scrap.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S.S. INDIAN PIONEER

To Karachi:—10 cases art silk piecegoods—A. A. Rahman. 19 cases art silk piecegoods—H. A. Juma and Co. 10 cases art silk piecegoods—Commercial Shoe Stores. 170 cases peppermint—N. A. H. Karim. 90 bdls aluminium utensils—A. Lookmanji and Co. 50 cases confectionary, 25 sugar candy, 50 cases Anglo-Cakes—H. Jafferbhai. 15 bales garments—A. N. Chairwalla and Co.

200 bundles bidi leaves—M. A. Hossain. 120 bundles bidi leaves—A. M. Hohmed, 300 bags French chalk powder and 110 bags pepper mint—Ismail and Co.

S.S. FATIMA

To Karachi:—60 cases pepper mint —A. K. M. Adamji.

S.S. GAZNA.

To Karachi:—3254 cases soap—Lever Bros. (India) Ltd. 35 cases toys—H. J. Latif, 25 cases cases aluminium ware —Jeewanlal (1929) Ltd. 300 cases cigarettes—N. T. C. of India Ltd. 600 bundles bidi leaves—T. Hirjee and Co. 31 cases handlooin cotton piecegoods—The Bharat weaving works. goods—The Bharat Weaving Works. 25 bales handloom cotton piecegoods —D. Khandubhai and Co. 14 bales handloom cotton piecegoods—L. Shagwanji. 39 bales handlooin cotton piecegoods—A. Mawji. 240 bundles bidi leaves—A. H. Vali Mohmed.

S.S. BHADRAVATI

To Karachi:—1660 bundles bidi leaves—G. Vallabji. 245 bags glass bottles—All India Glass Works.

S.S. PRESIDENT FILMORE

To New York:—50 bales cotton waste—Sapt. Textile Food and Ltd. 266 bags gum karaya—N. Mulji and Co.

S.S. AMRA

To Mombasa:—17 cases mfd. oil filter—Thandarian and Steel Co.

S.S. PRESIDENT MANROE

To New York:—400 bags gum garya —C. Bhogilal.

S.S. HOUGH TRACKERS

To New York—70 cases medicine—Et. Lily and Co. of India Ltd.

Arrival And Departure Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

"Algounguin" from Abadan with 9,486 tons of furnace oil on 3rd Sept. Agents, Standard Vacum Oil Co.

"British Commadore" from Abadan with 10234 tons of furnace oil on 3rd Sept. Agents, Anglo-Ianian Oil Co.

"Steel-Vendor" from Philodelphia with 2600 tons of general cargo on 3rd Sept. Agents Mocknion Macanzive Co.

"Wave Prince" from Port Sayed in balast on 3rd Sept Agents Anglo Iranian Oil Co.

"Jaladurga" from Seddah with 540 tons of cotton on 3rd Sept. Agents. The Scindia Steam Co.

"Kampala" from Durban with 3986 of general cargo on 4th Sept Agent Macknion Macanzie Co.

"Stratharid" from London with 718 of general cargo on 4th Sept. Agents Macknion Kakanzie Co.

"Islami" from Jeddah with 30 tons of Drugs on 9th Sept Agents Turner Morrison Co.

"Jayhind" from Bhavnagar with 1000 tons of salt on Sept 3rd Agent New Dhtolera Steam Ltd.

"Azadi" from Bhavnagar with 96 tons of general cargo on 3rd Sept. Agents The Bombay Steamship Co.

"Badarpur" for Abadan with balast on Sept 3rd.

"Atlantic" Seaman for Japan to balast on 2rd Sept.

"Jala Vihar" for Calcutta with 1200 tons 9 Motor Cars chases and general on Sept 3rd.

"Leuvekerk for Calcutta with 3700 tons of general cargo on Sept 3rd.

"Mount Kyuene" for Calcutta with 4000 tons of general cargo on Sept 3rd.

"Villa Di Brugine" for Bahirin in balast on Sept 3rd

"Sukhona" for Singapore in balast on Sept 3rd.

"Meadow Bank" for Mombasa in balast on 3rd Sept.

"Masimpur" for Abadan in balast on 3rd Sept.

DYES & CHEMICALS

BOMBAY, Sept 3:

(From Chatrabhup K. Mavji)

	per lb.
NAPTHOLS	
Napthol CAS	10|12
Sapthol CBC	16|4
Sapthol CSW	16|4
Sapthol CBS	17|-
Fast Scarlet CKRC Base	7|-
Fast Scarlet CKR Base	10|8
Fast Red CKCR Base	10|8
Garnet CKGBC Base	4|-
Fast Red CB Base	11|-
Yellow CGC Base	9|4
Corinth CB Base	7|-
Bordeaux CGP Base	12|-
Bordeaux CGP Salt	4|10
Scarlet CKR Salt	3|8
Bule CB Salt	5|4
DIRECT COLOURS	
Direct Blact Extra	5|-
Direct Green Extra	5|-
Direct Violet Extra	5|12
Direct Yellow 4GL	11|-
Direct Sky Blue Extra	7|4
Direct Rubin	5|-
Direct Brown	4|12
Direct Orance Extra	7|-
Diazo Black Extra	3|10
Chrysophenine Extra	3|10
Chysophenine Extra	3|10
Chrysophenine Extra	10|8
Benzopurpurine 4B	7|-
Congo Red Extra	7|8
Direct Scarlet 4BS	9|4
Tarquoise Blue G	28|-
SULPHUR COLOURS	
Sulphur Black 692	1|12
Sulphur Black R. Special	1|7|6
Sulphur Black HK Grains	1|9|-
Lizarine 20 p.c. paste	160|-
Alizarine 100 p.c. Powder	9|-
CHEMICALS	
Hydrosulphite	1|2
Bysulphite of Soda	58|-
Turkey Red Oil	52|-
Monopol, Napthol Soap	55|-
Soda Bicarb	50|-
Soda Ash	28|-
Sitaric Acid	2|2
Ammonia Powder	63|-
Sulphur Rol.	16|-
Ammonia Chloride	36|-
Sulphur Crude	10|-
ACID BASIC COLOURS-	
Mathylene Blue Extra	6|4
Metanil Yellow Elephant	3|-
Metanil Yellow Extra	4|12
Methyl Violet Lumps	5|12
Punkaj Magenta MCK Lumps	8|8
Magenta Extra	10|-
Diamond Green	10|12
Bismark Brown Extra	3|4
Crysodine Extra	4|-
Auromine Extra	6|-
Acid Orange Extra	2|12
Soap Green	18|-
Acid Scarlet	5|-
Kumkum Scarlet	9|-
Rhodamine B Extra 500 p.c.	36|-
VAT FAST DYES	
Vast Blue GCD Powder	41|-
Vat Bdue RSN	41|-
Vat Dark Blue BO Powder	32|-
Vat Brilliant Green B 900	48|-
Vat Brilliant Green B2100	130|-
Vat Olive Green B	20|-
Vat Yellow GC Powder	54|-
Vat Violet 4R	75|-
Vat Maganta	50|-
Vat Grey	20|-
Vat Brown	20|-
PRINTING COLOURS	
Printosol CO	13|8
Printosol CO4B	33|-
Gold Yellow	68|-
Printosol Green	85|-
Rapid Red	23|-
Orange	24|-
Yellow	22|-
Indigo 60 p.c. Grains (Mmerican)	4|10
Indigo 60 p.c. Grains (French)	5|8
Indigo 60 p.c. Eng. Lb pkg.	6|-
CHEMICALS	
Sodium Sulphide Indian	80|-
Sulphate of Alumina (Pure)	16|8
Aniline Salt	1|1
Bichromate of Potash	170|-
Zinc Dust	92|-
Caustic Soda 1 Lb. pkg	0-14-0
Caustic Soda flakes drum	52|-
Acetic Acid	1|-
Formal De Hyde	1|-
White Sugar of Lead	155|-
Acited of Lead	125|-
Boreaxcyrs.	23|-

Chicago Grains

CHICAGO, Sept. 4 (Reuter): Grains turned somewhat lower in fair trade reflecting weekend profittaking and favourable crop and weather advices. Maize however, displafed resistance in late trading with producers not selling freely after the recent sharp price recessions for cash maize. In export quarters, it was disclosed that demark yesterday purchased 630,000 bushels of oats for September from Baltimore. Maize finally rallied to finish irregularly higher on the day but elsewhere rallying power was limited.

New York Cotton Market Closed

NEW YORK Sept. 5

NEW YOP.K, Sept. 4 New York Cotton and New Orleans Cotton Exchanges remained closed today.

CHICAGO WHEAT

September	2.20-3/4
December	2.23-3/4
May	2.13-1/4
July	1.92-1/8

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

Tenders in prescribed forms, are invited for the purchase and removal of 153,258 yards Laces Chevron Cotton in one lot lying at Central Provision Depot, Dehu Siding.

Last date due:	4 P. M. 29.9.48.
Public opening of tenders:	11 A.M. 30.9.48.
Offers to be kept open up to:	29.10.48.
Reserve Price:	Rs. 5,364|-

Sealed tenders in double covers both superscribed "RCS|TEX|13651|2|215" should be sent to the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Bombay. The tender forms can be obtained from the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Bombay on payment of Rs. 5|- per set (non-refundable).

All tenders should be accompanied by a receipt for 10% of the total price offered, deposited as 'Revenue Deposit" in favour of the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Bombay in Reserve|Imperial Bank of India or Government Treasury. Drafts on other Banks, Cheques and Cash will not be accepted.

Permits to view the stores can be had from the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Bombay.

Tenders should not be below the Reserve Price stated above.

All sale will be ex-site subject to the availability of stores and to the "General Conditions of Con. 117". No guarantee is given of the quality, quantity, or suitability of stores.

Issued by

Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. (Phone No. 30041)

AC 406

INTER—SERVICES WING

ARMED FORCES ACADEMY

In pursuance of the policy to commence the work of the National War Academy on an experimental basis, it has been decided to add an Inter-Services Wing to the Indian Military Academy from January, 1949. Selection of Candidates for training in this Wing will begin very shortly. Duration of the course will approximately be two years. This will be followed by further pre-Commission training of the Services for which a candidate may be selected.

To be eligible for admission to the Inter-Services Wing of the Armed Forces Academy, candidates must be between the ages of 15 and 17 years on the 1st of January, 1949 and must be nationals of India by birth or by domicile.

EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS

Candidates must possess one of the following qualifications.

(i) Must have passed Matriculation or its equivalent examination (as recognized by the F. P. S. C.) in the second division or have obtained at least 45 per cent of the aggregate marks.

(ii) Must have passed Senior Cambridge Examination.

(iii) Indian Army Special Certificate Examination.

(iv) Leading Aircraft Hand Examination of the RIAF.

(v) Higher Education Test of the R. I. N.

Further particulars and application forms, etc., may be obtained from the nearest Sub-Area Headquarters or the Recruiting Officer.

Applications must reach the nearest Sub-Area Headquarters before the 1st of October, 1948

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd No B 1065

His Excellency Senior Commandant General Kaiser Shamshere Bahadur Rana of Nepal, Ambassador to Britain, Lt. Col. Bharat Shamshere, Lt. Col. J. B. R. Addullya Shamshere, Messrs K. V. Advani and B V. Advani, Representatives of Nepal in Bombay photographed on arrival in Bombay by S.S. "Strathaird" on Saturday morning

DALMIA ON HIS MISSION

CAUX, Sept. 4 (Reuter): The Indian industrialist and newspaper-owner Ramkrishna Dalmia, who flew to the Moral Rearmament Assembly to meet the founder of the movement Dr. Frank Buchman, said today that he would carry the message of moral rearmament to India and the Far East.

"It is the only way for mankind" he said. He added that he had learnt many things from his visit to the Assembly.

I believe that the world could save itself by following the message of Dr. Buchman, which is the message of God and Christ and the Buddha", he said.

Seth Dalmia, accompanied by his wife and a party of six, was to leave the Moral Rearmament Movement's Headquarters in Caux tonight for Luxembourg, where he will attend the Congress for World Federal Government. He will later go to London.

RELIEF FOR BARODA POLITICAL SUFFERERS

First Fruits Of Responsible Government: Collective Fines To Be Remitted

BARODA, Sept. 5 (UPI).—On the occasion of the inauguration of full responsible government in the State, the Government of Baroda have ordered relief measures in regard to persons or officers who may have taken part in the Independence Movement and who may have suffered under the orders of the Baroda Government.

Accordingly, those members of the Baroda State or Municipal or Panchayat Service whose pensions may have been forfeited, will get the full arrears of pensions from the date of such forfeiture, and those of these Services who had been dismissed will be reinstated on similar lines followed by the Government of Bombay.

Any property that may have been forfeited in the past due to political movement in the country or in the State, will be returned to the original owners and in case it is sold away, the amount so realised will be handed over to them.

REMISSION OF COLLECTIVE FINES

All collective fines imposed on a town or village or place will be remitted and fines inflicted by Courts will also be returned to the parties concerned.

It is also stated that suitable allowances will be given to the families of these State subjects who may have lost their lives in the State during the struggle for independence on the lines followed by the Government of Bombay under similar circumstances.

All claims in these connections, according to a press note of the Government of Baroda, should be made before October 31 next. The note adds that in case the party has since died, the refund or reimbursement would be made to his or her legitimate heir or heirs.

SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE'S OFFICE ABOLISHED

BARODA, Sept. 5 (API).—The New Baroda Ministry has abolished the office of special representative of Baroda State in New Delhi, and Mr. T. D. Walkins, a State official, who has been holding this office for some months, is being reverted to Baroda Government Service as District Magistrate of Okha.

The post of the special representative was created some four months ago with a view to having 'liaison' between Baroda and the Government of India. With the inauguration of full responsible Government, there was no longer the need for continuing this office in Delhi, it was explained here.

NON-OFFICIAL CHAIRMAN TO STATE P.S.C.

One of the first acts of the New Baroda Ministry is the appointment of a non-official as Chairman of the State Public Service Commission. He is Mr. Ramanlal V. Desai.

The Ministry has also announced the appointment of three extra secretaries to the Government to help quick disposal of official work.

CONSTITUTIONAL ADVISER

BARODA, Sept. 5 (UPI).—Mr. R. K. Pradhan, Political Secretary, has been appointed as Constitutional Adviser to the Maharaja of Baroda.

BARODA, Sept. 5 (UPI).—'Ramji Mandir', a private temple at Rarapor village, has been thrown open to Harijans from last 'Janmashtami.'

LINGUISTIC PROVINCES

Andhra Mahasabha Chief's Memorandum To Commission

MADRAS, Sept. 5, (A.P.I.): The Linguistic Provinces Commission appointed by the President of the Constituent Assembly to go into the question of formation of linguistic provinces arrived in Madras this evening by plane from Vizagapatam.

Mr. S. K. Dar, Chairman of the Commission told pressmen that they would stay in the city for six days during which period they would meet the ministers and representatives of various linguistic areas in the Province.

The President of the Andhra Mahasabha Mr. M. R. Apparao, today submitted to the Commission a memorandum urging the need for the formation of a separate Andhra Province.

POSITION OF MADRAS CITY

The memorandum stated: "The City of Madras should be included in the Andhra Province. If for any reason Madras City cannot be included in the Andhra Province, it should be constituted into a separate Lieutenant Governor's province with the surrounding areas of Chingleput District added to it."

"If and when Hyderabad State is liquidated", the memorandum added. "The Telangana portion of the State should be joined to the Andhra Province So also the Telugu portions of Mysore State viz., the District of Kolar, and portions of Bangalore Tumkur and Chitaldurg Districts should be added to the Andhra Province in the event of the formation of a United Karnataka Province by the Indian Union Karnataka areas joining the Mysore State."

DOCTOR FOR POOR

BOMBAY, Sunday.

AT A COSMOPOLITAN GATHERING HELD AT THE COWASJI JEHANGIR HALL, THIS EVENING, DR. M. U. MASCARENHAS, MAYOR OF BOMBAY, WAS CONGRATULATED ON HIS ELECTION AS THE FIRST CITIZEN BY THE MEMBERS OF A CORPORATION FOR THE FIRST TIME ELECTED BY THE ADULT FRANCHISE IN A FREE INDIA.

On behalf of the organisers of the function, an address paying tributes to the services rendered by him to the City of Bombay was presented to Dr. Mascarenhas in a silver casket by Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Health Minister, Government of Bombay, who presided on the occasion.

Dr. Gilder said that Dr. Mascarenhas was a man of indomitable courage and self-confidence and also an independent thinker. He referred to Dr. Mascarenhas' public and professional activities, and said that he was a doctor for the poorer people first and then for the rich. Bombay city should congratulate itself to get such a Mayor, Dr. Gilder added.

Dr. Mascarenhas was also congratulated by His Lordship Dr. V. Gracias, Messrs. S. V. Sovani, Jos. Alex Dias, J. S. S. Malelu and Mirza Akhatar Hussain, all the speakers associated themselves with the sentiments expressed in the address presented to Dr. Mascarenhas.

Dr. Mascarenhas, replying to the address, thanked the organisers of the function, and said that his success was due to the wholehearted co-operation of public. To him, he said the Mayoral 'gadi' was not a bed of roses but a place of great responsibility. He always looked upon his election to that place as a chance to serve people, and appealed to the people to co-operate with the Corporation in civic administration.

PANIKKAR MEETS CHINESE PREMIER

H. E. Sardar K. M. Panikkar, India's Ambassador to China, chatting with the Chinese Prime Minister Wong Wen-hao at the reception held at the Indian Embassy at Nanking to celebrate the first anniversary of India's Independence.

'Sardarji' Glorifies Sikh Community

ABBAS CLEARS MISUNDERSTANDING ABOUT STORY

Mr. K. A. Abbas in a letter to the President, Shiromani Gurudwara Prabandhak Committee Golden Temple, Amritsar, writes:

"I find in the papers that your Committee has taken exception to a short story of mine entitled "Sardarji" published in the Hindi Magazine, "Maya", published from Allahabad, and that you have sent a telegram of protest in this connection to the Hon'ble Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and other leaders and members of the Government. In the text of the telegram as published in the papers, I find that you state:

"A highly provocative, mean, mischievous and filthy article under the heading 'Sardarji' written by some Muslim Leaguer, named Khawaja Ahmad Abbas has been published in the Hindi monthly magazine Maya' in its July issue. . . Great resentment is felt among Sikhs and Hindus. . . ."

On this basis your Committee has demanded action to be taken against the publisher, editor and the writer—i.e. myself.

May I submit that it has pained me greatly to find that this Short Story (it is 'not an article) of mine should have caused so much pain and resentment to my Sikh friends and brethren, because the purpose of the story was just the opposite of it—(i.e.) it was written with a motive to expose the baseless prejudices of communalist Muslims—primarily Muslim Leaguers—and to glorify the humanitarian Sikhs who actually saved Muslim lives during the riots. How then has this misunderstanding been caused? I fear that it is due to the fact that the story has been written in a special style—i.e. in the words of a communalist Muslim who has all sorts of stupid prejudices against the Sikhs and actually hates them but in the end he (the comunalist character in the story obsessed of anti-Sikh and baseless prejudice) finds that it is a Sikh old gentlemen who saved his life and it is then he discovers how wrong he has been all along to have prejudices against the Sikhs. In the last paragraphs of the story, wherein I describe how the noble Sikh sacrifices his own life to save the life of his Muslim neighbour, he (i.e. the communalist Muslim who is supposed to be telling the story) actually says: "It was not Sardarji who was dying. I was dying—the old me, and all my prejudices."

The misunderstanding, therefore, has been caused by mistaking a story for an article; by thinking that the "I" of the story refers to me or my personal views; and finally by not reading it right up to the end. That in the first few pages a number of slanderous things have been said about the Sikhs because they represent the views of a fanatic communalist Muslim—the same prejudiced Muslim who realises in the end how wrong his prejudices were. I have narrated at large all the anti-Sikh stories which are very common amongst communalist Muslims to portray how baseless they are when "I" of my story—the representative of such communalists—gets converted when he sees the sacrifice of old Sardarji who dies saving his life.

APOLOGIES OFFERED

I am exceedingly sorry if this story has caused any pain to Sikh brothers because the purpose of the story was to glorify the Sikhs and not to condemn them. It is possible that I adopted a rather unusual style of story-telling which caused the misunderstanding. In that case I would like to offer my sincerest apologies to the Sikh community through this letter to your Committee.

1. I am not a Muslim Leaguer, as you allege in your telegram. For fifteen years I have been a member of the Congress and of no other political organisation. I have been perhaps the severest critic and staunchest opponent of Mr. Jinnah and his Pakistan for the last seven or eight years having written hundreds of article on this subject.

2. I can have no prejudices against the Sikh community among whom I have dozens of friends. In fact the story was based on a personal experience—because during the Delhi riots the lives of my cousin and nieces were saved by a noble-minded old Sikh neighbour.

3. When the story was written ten months ago, it was first read out to five Sikh friends of mine who happened to be in Srinagar, including the well-known Sikh writers, Rajender Singh Bedi and Navtej Singh. They all liked it very much as an effort to counteract the Muslim prejudices against the Sikh community and suggested that I should try to get it published in Paknstan papers also so that they should see the other side of the picture.

4. Accordingly, it was published in Adab-i-Latiff, progressive non-communal magazine of Lahore. The few progressives and non-communal people in Pakistan admired it but 'the communalists and fanatics immediately started a terrible campaign against the story and the author because they could not tolerate a Sikh being glorified. The "Aniam" a League paper of Karachi and several other Pakistan papers have been carrying on a regular campaign against this story and against me.

5. In Bombay I am known to many Sikh friends as a completely non-communal, anti-Pakistan person. More than once I have spoken on occasion of Sikh festival e.g. the birthday of Guru Nanak or the birthday of Guru Gobinsingh; and my speeches on these occasions have been appreciated by the Sikhs present which shows my non-communal stand.

6. During my recent visit to Bombay I learnt that certain Sikh gentlemen had read the first two or three pages of the story and were angry over it. So I gave a copy of it to my friend Sardar Harbans Singh's revered old father who read it to the end and was convinced that the story instead of being anti-Sikh glorifies the humanity of Sikhs. He went to Gurudwara and told many friends that they had misunderstood the writer because they had read only the first few pages and not read it to the end.'

I am quite sure that this explanation should be sufficient to convince you of my "bonafides". I shall, therefore, request you to issue a statement to the Press withdrawing the charges against me so that the members of the great Sikh community who must have read your earlier statement do not continue to harbour a grievance and ill-will for one who regards himself as a friend and Indian brother of the Sikhs and for many years, has been working for communal unity and against the communalist Pakistani Muslims.

With kindest regards and respects to the member of your Committee to whom this letter may be read out.

Round-The-World Flier Arrives At Delhi

NEW DELH, Sept. 5 (API)—Mrs. Morrow-Tait, British round-the-world flyer, and her companion Mr. Michael Townsend arrived at Palem Aerodrame at 11-30 a.m. today from Karachi. They are scheduled to leave for Allahabad early tomorrow morning.

Eire To Sever Political Link With Commonwealth?

DUBLIN, Sept. 5 (Reuter).—The Eire Government, I understand, will shortly present to the Dail (Parliament) a bill which, if passed, will sever the last political link between Eire and the British Commonwealth, cables Patrick Quinn, Reuter's correspondent.

The bill will propose repeal of the Executive Authority External Relation Act 1936, which provides the only machinery in Irish law for recognition of the British Crown for limited purposes.

Prime Minister John Costello, informed the Dail on July 28 that Eire was not a member of the British Commonwealth and that her ceasing to be had been a gradual development. He agreed that Eire was associated with the Commonwealth.

ONLY SYMBOLIC

That Association, I learn from an authoritative quarter, will soon be entirely symbolic, for Eire will proceed to accredit her diplomatic and consular representatives abroad without recourse to King George. She will also accept diplomatic representatives without a letter of credence signed by King George. In other words diplomatic representatives coming to Eire will cease to be credited to the Court of St. James.

The President of Eire will take the place of the King in all functions.

Israel Has No Chance

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5 (UPA): An Export Import Bank official said today Israel had no chance at this time of getting the requested 100,000,000 dollar loan for reconstruction.

END OF BERLIN BLOCKADE IMMINENT

BERLIN, Sept. 5 (Reuter) Two coal trains with steam up were standing by tonight at Helmstedt, the little British zone frontier station on the main line to Berlin. Railway men were all at their posts.

They awaited the green light from the German Capital, where negotiations to end the 11 weeks Soviet blockade appeared on the verge of success.

Helmstedt Railway officials confirmed late this afternoon, after a day of conflicting reports, that they expected the order for rail traffic to be resumed between Berlin and the Western Zones "at any time".

Bizonal railway headquarters in Frankfurt had earlier denied Hanover reports that orders had actually been given to prepare for the opening of inter-zonal traffic "almost immediately, possibly today or tomorrow".

But the Soviet—licensed Berlin paper "National Zeitung" said today the four military governors—who met yesterday for the fifth consecutive day—had already" decided to reopen traffic lines to the West.

The Governors had no meeting today, but a British spokesman in Berlin said they would confer again tomorrow. The Four-Power transport Committee met, but there were no sessions of the finance and trade Committees.

Fifteen-Man French Cabinet Formed

SCHUMAN'S BID TO BALANCE BUDGET: INDUSTRIAL TENSION EASES

France's new Cabinet—formed early today by M. Robert Schuman, eight days after the fall of M. Andre Marie's month-old coalition—held its first meeting this evening while the nation faced sharply increased taxation.

M. Schuman, 62-year-old popular Republican, formed a 15-man Cabinet—with four radicals, four Socialists, six popular Republicans, and one Independent—at his second attempt.

He told President Vincent Auriol on Friday that he had failed to form a Government, but tried again yesterday at the President's urgent request. At 8-20 a.m. today he presented his Cabinet to M. Auriol, after negotiations which lasted throughout the night.

His Government is expected to propose stiff taxation to balance the budget and save the Franc. Cigarette and alcoholic drinks are to bear the chief weight of taxation.

One sign of relaxed industrial tension was given today when journeymen bakers on strike in Paris decided by a large majority to go back to work tomorrow morning.

The strike, called yesterday by their Communist-led Union, did not interfere seriously with the City's bread supply as eight out of ten bakeries stayed open, with either non-striking journeymen or the master bakers themselves doing the work.

In the new Government M. Schuman took the Ministry of Foreign Affairs as well as the Premiership.

An official list gave the other posts as:

INTERIOR—M. Jules Moch (Socialist).

FINANCE AND NATIONAL ECONOMY—M. Christian Pineau (Socialist).

JUSTICE—M. ROBERT LECOURT (Popular Republican).

DEFENCE—M. Rene Mayer (Radical).

COMMERCE AND PRODUCTION—M. Robert Locoste (Socialist).

LABOUR—M. Daniel Mayer (Socialist).

OVERSEAS—M. Paul Costefloret (Popular Republican).

RECONSTRUCTION—M. Rene Coty (Independent).

EX-SERVICEMEN—M. Jules Catoire (Popular Republican).

HEALTH—M. Pierreschneither (Popular Republican).

AGRICULTURE—M. Pierre Pflimlin (Popular Republican).

TRANSPORT AND PUBLIC WORKS—M. Henri Queuille (Radical).

EDUCATION—M. Tony Revillion (Radical).

UNITED NATIONS AFFAIRS: Andre Mare, Vice-Premier (Radical).

SECRETARIES OF STATE

For the Budget—M. Alain Poher (Popular Republican).

National Economy and Food—M. Yvon Coude Du Foresto (Popular Republican).

National Defence, War—M. Maurice Bourges Manowry (Radical).

National Defence, Navy—M. Joannes Dupraz (Popular Republican).

Civil Service—M. Jean Biondi (Socialist).

Posts, Telegraphs and Telephones—M. Eugene Thomas (Socialist).

Prime Minister's Office—M. Pierre Abelin (Popular Republican).

Information—M. Francois Mitterand (Democratic and Socialist Resistance Union).

Commerce—M. Sissoko (Socialist, a Negro Deputy from Nigeria).

The previous Cabinet of the Radical M. Andre Marie, formed on July 28 had 19 Ministers—five Radicals, six Socialists, six Popular Republicans and two Independents.

M. Schuman's previous Cabinet, formed last November 24th had 15 ministers—two Radicals, five Socialists, six Popular Republicans, one member of the Democratic and Socialist Resistance Union and one Independent.

SPECIAL POWERS FOR SCHUMAN'S CABINET

PARIS, Sept. 5 (Reuter).—M. Schuman's Government inherits the special powers granted by the National Assembly to the Marie Government. These powers were sought by Finance Minister Paul Reynaud to enable him to effect sweeping cuts in the Civil and Military services, to make fiscal reforms and to impose new taxation without reference to, and debate buy the National Assembly at each step.

A Reynaud's plan displeased the Socialists who therefore brought about M. Marie's resignation.

The special powers remain, however, and it is now up to M. Pineau to take and it is now up to M. Pineau to make use of them.

While negotiations for a new Government were going on, the Socialists held out for a bigger cost of living allowance than M. Schuman was prepared to grant. Eventually a compromise was reached. The exact details are not yet known, but the figure, set at 3,000 Francs for this month, will be reduced in succeeding months. M. Schuman has promised th Socialists he will make the lower figure worth more in real purchasing power.

It was seven o'clock this morning before the Cabinet list was finally approved. Presentation of the members to President Auriol took place shortly after.

K. S. ROY ELECTED TO W. BENGAL ASSEMBLY

Communist And Socialist Candidates Defeated

CALCUTTA, Sept. 5 (API).—Information has been received in Calcutta that Mr. Kiran Sankar Roy, Home Minister of the West Bengal Government, and Mr. Shyama Prasad Barman, the Scheduled Castes candidate, have been elected to the West Bengal Legislative Assembly from the Maldah-cum-Dinajpur Constituency on the Congress ticket.

Messrs. Roy and Barman polled 32,433 and 17,098 votes respectively. The Communist and Revolutionary Socialist party candidates who contested the seat polled 7,813 and 6,207 votes respectively. The fifth candidate, Mr. Ram Hari Roy, was suspended from the Congress before the polling day owing to his standing in opposition against the candidate nominated by the Central Congress Parliamentary Board. Mr. Ram Hari Roy polled 15,325 votes.

Frontier Pathans For Malaya Police

PESHAWAR, Sept. 5 (UPI): The Pakistan Government, it is understood, has agreed to the recruitment of Pathans of the North West Frontier Province for the Malayan Police Force.

Accordingly, it is understood that a Malayan Police delegation wil shortly visit the Frontier Province to survey recruitment position here.

MUTT AND JEFF—That Ought To Be An End To The Old Potatoe Masher — By BUD FISHER

THERE'S JEFF OUT IN HIS GARDEN AGAIN!
-A SEED AND A SPOON OF SUGAR--A SEED AND A SPOON OF SUGAR--
?
JEFF, WHAT CHA RAISING?
MASHED SWEET POTATOES!

Printed and Published for The Bombay Chronicle Co. Ltd. by MICHAEL ANDRADES at The Bombay Chronicle Press, Rec Building, Parsi Bazar Street Fort, Bombay. Jointly edited by S. NATARAJAN.